

Verification and certification report form for Gold Standard project activities

BASIC INFORMATION				
Title and GS4GG reference number of the project activity	İzmir Ödemiş Biogas Power Plant GS Reference number: GS7527			
Scale of the project activity	Large-scale			
Version number of the verification and certification report	3			
Completion date of the verification and certification report	13/09/2023			
Monitoring period number and duration of this monitoring period	The 1st monitoring period from 01/01/2020 to 31/12/2022 (first and last days included)			
Version number of the monitoring report to which this report applies	Version 5.0 (Dated: 13/09/2023)			
Crediting period of the project activity corresponding to this monitoring period	26/10/2018 to 25/10/2033			
Project representative(s)	Bio Solutions ARF Yenilenebilir Enerji Üretim Anonim Şirketi			
Host Party	Turkey			
Applied methodologies and standardized baselines	AM0073 "Approved baseline and monitoring methodology – GHG emission reductions through multi-site manure collection and treatment in a central plant", Version 01			
Mandatory sectoral scopes	13 (Waste handling and disposal)			
Conditional sectoral scopes, if applicable	NA			
Estimated amount of GHG emission reductions or GHG removals for this monitoring duration in the registered PDD	3,732,939 tCO2e			
Certified amount of GHG emission reductions or GHG removals for this monitoring period	1,452,485 tCO2e			
SDG Impacts:	 SDG 7: Affordable and Clean Energy (7.1, 7.2) SDG 8: Decent work and Economic Growth (8.2, 8.5) SDG 13: Climate Action (13.2) 			
Name of the VVB	Carbon Check (India) Private Limited			
Name, position and signature of the approver of the verification and certification report	Vikash Kumar Singh, Compliance Officer			

SECTION A. Executive summary

The Project Participant has appointed the VVB, Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. (CCIPL) to perform an independent verification of the GS Project activity, "İzmir Ödemiş Biogas Power Plant". The purpose of the proposed project activity is biogas-to-energy project that will generate renewable energy by capturing biogas from animal manure -via anaerobic digestion- and utilizing it to produce thermal and electric energy through biogas systems. The project enables reduction of GHG incurred from existing system of cattle manure generated at farms, which is left to decay at and around farms in anaerobic conditions.

The project is located in İzmir province, in Turkey. The first monitoring period is 01/01/2020 to 31/12/2022. During the first monitoring period, the project has achieved 1,452,485 tCO₂e GHG emission reduction. The purpose of the verification is to review the monitoring results and verify that monitoring methodology was implemented in accordance with the monitoring plan and monitoring data, used to confirm the reductions in anthropogenic emissions by sources are sufficient, definitive, and presented in a concise and transparent manner. Monitoring plan, monitoring report and project compliance with relevant GS, UNFCCC and host party criteria are particularly verified to confirm that the project has been implemented in accordance with previously registered design and conservative assumptions, as documented.

This report summarises the findings of the verification of the project, performed on the basis of paragraph 62 of the CDM Modalities & Procedures and GS4GG requirements, as well as criteria given to provide for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting and the subsequent decisions by the CDM Executive Board and Gold Standard. Verification is required for all registered GS project activities intending to confirm their achieved emission reductions and proceed with request for issuance of VERs. This report contains the findings and resolutions from the verification and a certification statement for the certified emission reductions.

Verification methodology and process

The Verification team confirms the contractual relationship signed on 08/08/2023 between the Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. (hereafter the "VVB") and the project participant - ARF Yenilenebilir Enerji Üretim Anonim Şirketi /B09/. The team assigned to the verification meets the Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd's internal procedures including the UNFCCC requirements for the team composition and competence. CCIPL has conducted a thorough contract review as per UNFCCC and Carbon Check's procedures and requirements. The verification has been performed as per the requirements described in the Gold Standard for the Global Goals Principles & Requirements (version 1.2); and CDM VVS for project activities (version 03.0) and constitutes the review and completion of the following steps:

- Review of the registered PDD (version 07; Dated: 30/09/2022) /02/, including the monitoring plan and the corresponding validation report.
- Desk review of the MR /01/, emission reduction spreadsheet /03/
- Review of the applied monitoring methodology AM0073 "GHG emission reductions through multisite manure collection and treatment in a central plant", Version 1.0 /B01/;
- Review of any CMP and EB decisions, clarifications and guidance and the Gold Standard Secretariat;
- On-site assessment (22/08/2023 to 25/08/2022)
- Resolution of CARs and CLs raised during verification
- Issuance of Verification Report

The verification of the emission reductions reported for the project activity 'İzmir Ödemiş Biogas Power Plant', GS Registration Reference No. 7527 for the monitoring period 01/01/2020 to 31/12/2022, with regard to the relevant GS requirements and principles for project activities. In Carbon Check's opinion, the project activity was correctly implemented according to selected monitoring methodology monitoring plan and the registered PDD /02/. The monitoring data allowed for the verification of the amount of achieved GHG emission reductions. Through document review, on-site interview, the verification team confirms that the project has resulted 1,452,485 tCO₂e emission reductions during this 1st monitoring period. The GHG emission reductions and non-GHG parameters were correctly calculated/monitored based on the approved monitoring methodology "AM0073 – "GHG emission reductions through multi-site

manure collection and treatment in a central plant", Version 1.0 " /B01/ and the monitoring plan contained in the registered PDD (version 07; Dated: 30/09/2022) /02/.

SECTION B. Verification team, technical reviewer and approver

No.	Role	Тν	Last name	First name	Affiliation	Involvement i		n	
					(e.g. name of central or other office of DOE or outsourced entity)	ev ie vøc ū m en t P es ⊾	sp ec tio n in sit e O	Int er vi e w	di ng s P fic ati V
1.	Team Leader/Technical Expert	IR	Agarwalla	Sanjay Kumar	CCIPL	Х	Х	х	х
2	Trainee Assessor	IR	Nadkarni	Tanvi	CCIPL	Х	х	х	Х
3	Trainee Assessor	IR	Kadam	Campal	CCIPL	X			x
4	Local Expert	IR	Erduran	Muhammet Ali	CCIPL		x	x	

B.1. Verification team member

B.2. Technical reviewer and approver of the verification and certification report

No.	Role	Type of resource	Last name	First name	Affiliation (e.g., name of central or other office of DOE or outsourced entity)
1.	Technical reviewer	IR	С	Indumathi	CCIPL
2	Approver	IR	Singh	Vikash Kumar	CCIPL

SECTION C. Application of materiality

The threshold of materiality was evaluated based on § 9.6.3 of "Validation and Verification Standard" Version 1.0 dated 06/03/2023. It was concluded that the materiality threshold applicable to the project activity based on actual emission reductions achieved is 0.5% of 1,452,485 tCO2e which is 7262.425 tCO₂e.

C.1. Consideration of materiality in planning the verification

N	o. Risk that could lead to	As	sessment of the risk	Response to the risk in the	
	material errors, R omissions or le misstatements		Justification	verification plan and/or sampling plan	
1	Human Error: Recording and reporting of the information in the ER spreadsheet.	Medium	All the ER spreadsheet input data of the stoves, including sales database, determination of parameter for efficiency testing including data calculation are recorded and reported manually. This includes all the parameters to be	The risk was mitigated by reviewing the training of the personnel involved in the data capture, calculation and by following the monitoring responsibilities. The training records were reviewed during the on-site visit interviews.	

			monitored ex-post as per the PDD.	
2.	Information System: Use of spreadsheets without adequate controls related to data changes/updates, version tracking, traceability, security	Medium	The data is recorded in the spreadsheet based on the raw data collected during the field visits. The access to the spreadsheets for calculation of ERs, monitoring and sales database and baseline stove efficiency testing, and other quality test records.	The identified risk was mitigated by reviewing the management of access to the records. It was confirmed through interviews whether the raw data is collected by the field personnel and then transmitted and stored electronically to the PPs office. The data quality control was checked.
3.	Competence of personnel involved in conducting standardized tests viz., monitoring survey, usage survey, and other quality test etc.	Medium	Interview of the personnel involved and check the training records/ accreditation certificates involved in conducting such tests.	The risk was mitigated by reviewing the training records of the personnel involved in conducting such tests and by following the monitoring responsibilities. For institutions involved in conducting such tests, their accreditation certificates were checked to establish their competency. The training records and certificates were reviewed during the onsite interviews.

C.2. Consideration of materiality in conducting the verification

Based on the above, activities in which risks were assessed were:

- 1. Monitoring system including the data input procedure (including relevant personnel and applicable template forms used)
- 2. ER sheet (application of data)
- 3. Data flow
- 4. Data control procedures

In conducting the verification, VVB took cognizance of §09 of the "Validation and Verification Standard" Version 1.0 dated 06/03/2023. Data flow was checked through comparison of data in hand-written forms, electronic database, and ER sheet /03/. The competence of the personnel involved in recording of data and calculation of the emission reductions data has been checked by the verification team by means of on-site visit interviews.

The risks identified can be mitigated through cross check with all sets of documents. The verification team performed the following checks in order to mitigate the effects of the above-identified sources of error:

<u>Mitigation of Human error risks</u>: The verification team mitigated the risk by checking the training records of the personnel and assessing their competencies, skills, monitoring / testing procedure followed, etc. during the onsite visit interviews. Further, data was crosschecked with the ER calculation spreadsheet /03/ and the raw data.

<u>Mitigation due to error in Information system:</u> Verification team by conducting interviews with the personnel responsible for such activities mitigated the risk due to error in information system. It was confirmed through interviews that the raw data is recorded by an automated system and also collected by the field personnel and farm owners which is then transmitted and stored electronically at PP's office. The data quality control is maintained by the PP.

<u>Accuracy of the measuring equipment:</u> Verification team has conducted document review of calibration records applicable to the measuring equipment. In particular the calibration record of flowmeters and electricity meters were checked to ensure accuracy if the monitored data.

In conducting the verification, VVB took cognizance of In conducting the verification, VVB took cognizance of §09 of the "Validation and Verification Standard" Version 1.0 dated 06/03/2023 and based on the input of data from different sources checked through sampling of records during on-site visit interviews.

Based on the assessment carried out, CCIPL confirms with a reasonable level of assurance that the claimed emission reductions are free from material errors, omissions or misstatements.

SECTION D. Means of verification

D.1. Desk/document review

The verification was performed primarily based on the review of the Monitoring report /1/ and the supporting documentation. This process included review of data and information presented to verify their completeness and review of the monitoring plan and monitoring methodology /B01/. Documents reviewed or referenced during the verification are listed in Appendix 3 of this report.

D.2. On-site inspection

The verification team has carried out on-site inspection and interviews in order to assess the information included in the monitoring report and monitoring measurement procedures adopted during the monitoring period. During the desk review, the relevant monitoring records were checked. Validation report was also used to cross check consistency of information.

Through the review of validation reports, comparing the relevant evidence and interview with the PP's representatives, CCIPL has confirmed that the project is implemented in line with the registered GS PDD during the monitoring period. There is no change of the project design, operation, and monitoring plan. On-site inspection and interviews were performed by verification team in order to assess the following:

	On-site inspection and interviews: 22/08/2023 to 25/08/2023									
No.	Activities performed on-site	Site location	Date	Team member						
1.	Opening Meeting and brief project description by the PP; discussion on implementation status of the project activity.	Central treatment plant	22/08/2023	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran						
2.	Compliance of Monitoring plan with the applied methodology and registered monitoring plan; project implementation and operation as per the GS PDD.	Central treatment plant	22/08/2023 to 25/08/2023	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran						
3.	Discussion on the monitoring parameters, review of QA/QC process including interview / competency assessment (abilities, qualifications, training, calibrations etc.) of persons responsible for conducting the monitoring; Review of monitored data, discussion on Monitoring report and ER calculation spread sheets. Reassessment of baseline scenario and additionality.	Central treatment plant	22/08/2023 to 25/08/2023	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran						
4.	Physical site visit (Central treatment plant)	Central treatment plant	22/08/2023	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran						
5.	Physical site visit to farms involved in the project as per section III of the applied methodology AM0073 v 01	Farms	22/08/20234 to 25/08/2023	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran						

				Sanjay	Kumar
6. Discuss Closing	Discussion on OCV findings and	Central		Agarwalla,	Tanvi
	Closing mosting	treatment	25/08/2023	Nadkarni	and
	Closing meeting.	plant		Muhammet	Ali
				Erduran	

Interviews

No	Interviewee			Toon		
	Last	First name	Affiliation	Date	Subject	member
1.	Onaran	Ilayda	BioSolutions	22/08/2023 – 25/08/2023	 Project Design Project Implementation status Plant operations Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts Roles and responsibility Compliance with relevant laws 	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran
1.	Baysun	Serim	BioSolutions	22/08/2023 – 25/08/2023	 Project Design Project Implementation status Plant operations Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts 	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran

					Roles and responsibility
					Compliance with relevant laws
2.	Gencer	Batin	Plant operations head - ARF	22/08/2023 – 25/08/2023	 Project Design Project Implementation status Plant operations Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts Roles and responsibility Compliance with relevant laws
3.	Harmank aya	Seil	In charge for electricity operations of the plant -ARF	22/08/2023	 Project Design Project Usign Project Implementation status Plant operations Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts Roles and responsibility Compliance with relevant laws
4.	Murat	Yesiltar	In charge for biogas operations of the plant - ARF	22/08/2023	 Project Design Project Implementation status Plant operations Nadkarni

					 Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts Roles and responsibility Compliance with relevant laws
5.	Oncel	Murat	Laboratory in charge -ARF	22/08/2023	 Project Design Project Implementation status Plant operations Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts Roles and responsibility Compliance with relevant laws
6.	Sezgin	Zafer	ARF	22/08/2023	 Project Design Project Implementation status Plant operations Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation

					 Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts Roles and responsibility Compliance with relevant laws 	
7.	Dinlenm ez	Deniz	ARF	22/08/2023	 Project Design Project Implementation status Plant operations Project start date and Project Location Baseline Scenario Monitoring and reporting documentation Qualification and Training Quality Assurance – Management and operating system Social and Environmental Impacts Roles and responsibility Compliance with relevant laws 	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran
6.	Can	Mustafa	Village Mukhtar	22/08/2023	Local Stakeholder consultation Grievance redressal mechanism	Sanjay Kumar Agarwalla, Tanvi Nadkarni and Muhammet Ali Erduran

For the project activity, "İzmir Ödemiş Biogas Power Plant" during the 1st monitoring period manure generated at 123 farms is collected. PP has ordinated the farms where baseline emissions would occur as per their emissions. Out of the 123 farms 123 farms are categorized as 'Upper rank' which are individually responsible for an amount of baseline emissions equal to, or higher than, 900 tCO₂e.

As per the requirements stated in the methodology AM0073 v01.0, on-site interviews were conducted at all 123 farms to assess the methodology applicability conditions as per the requirements state in the applied methodology AM0073. VVB was able to complete interviews with 123 farms in 4 days (22nd August to 25th August 2023) as most of the farms were in cluster and close to each other. The distances of the farms from the central treatment plant is reported in the MR which was found to be consistent during site visit.

The key personnel interviewed, and the key topics of interview are summarized in the table below:

SI no.	Date	Farm name	Topics
1	22/08/2023	Abdullah öztürk çiftliği	Baseline scenario.
2	22/08/2023	Adaş emlak	 Conditions under which livestock is managed.
3	22/08/2023	Adem çakir - hasan çakir	Treatment of animal residue
4	22/08/2023	Adem uğur çiftliği	Lagoon depth.
5	22/08/2023	Ahmet yağci	Retention time of baseline anaerobic
6	22/08/2023	Ahmet hamdi saygin	Supply chain to
7	22/08/2023	Alfemo	AWMS. • Declaration that
8	22/08/2023	Ali balci	CERs will not be claimed by the farm.
9	22/08/2023	Ali kurbanci	• Discharge or end use of the treated residue
10	22/08/2023	Alper erkin	in baseline.Type and number of
11	22/08/2023	Anil zeybek	animals in the farm
12	22/08/2023	Arif uzbasan çiftliği	
13	22/08/2023	Arif ülteciel çiftliği	
14	22/08/2023	Arif yurdaşan	
15	23/08/2023	Armutlu çiftliği	
16	23/08/2023	Arnavut hüzeyin	
17	23/08/2023	Aykanlar çiftliği	

18	23/08/2023	Aytekin karadağ	
20	23/08/2023	Baltaci mehmet	
21	23/08/2023	Bariş burgazlioğlu	
22	23/08/2023	Beytullah uçar çiftliği	
23	23/08/2023	Bülent irak	
24	23/08/2023	Cafer hakanoğlu çiftliği	
25	23/08/2023	Can-hakki zülan çiftliği	
26	23/08/2023	Cargil çiftliği	
27	23/08/2023	Coşkun demir	
28	23/08/2023	Çelikkaleli	
29	23/08/2023	Celep hüsnü	
30	23/08/2023	Cesur erdoğan	
31	23/08/2023	Çiçekçi nazmi	
32	23/08/2023	Damizlik birliği	
33	23/08/2023	Değirmenci çiftliği	
34	23/08/2023	Demircioğlu	
35	23/08/2023	Deniz okuroğlu çiftliği	
36	23/08/2023	Doktor riza kargin çiftliği	

37	23/08/2023	Durmaz çiftliği	
38	23/08/2023	Ekber aydemir	
40	23/08/2023	Elektrikçi sami çiftliği	
41	23/08/2023	Emin karaoğlan	
42	23/08/2023	Emin sari çiftliği	
44	23/08/2023	Eray yilmaz laz çiftliği	
45	23/08/2023	Ercan tekeli	
46	23/08/2023	Ergün çakir	
47	23/08/2023	Erkoç çiftliği	
48	23/08/2023	Ersoy ediz	
50	23/08/2023	Eskici çiftliği	
51	24/08/2023	Fahrettin dadal çiftliği	
52	24/08/2023	Faruk erdinç	
54	24/08/2023	Fatih-hasan kirlier	
55	24/08/2023	Galerici asil çiftliği	
57	24/08/2023	Gökhan özen çiftliği	
58	24/08/2023	Gülcüoğlu çiftliği	
59	24/08/2023	Güral ulusoy çiftliği	

60	24/08/2023	Hakan dönmez çiftliği	
61	24/08/2023	Hakan-ibrahim güreşmen	
62	24/08/2023	Halit büyükkutlu	
63	24/08/2023	Hasan palaska çiftliği	
64	24/08/2023	Hasan-hüseyin çakir	
65	24/08/2023	Hüseyin-nazmi gökçen tarim	
66	24/08/2023	Hüseyin dereli	
67	24/08/2023	Hüseyin kurt	
68	24/08/2023	Hüseyin meydan çiftliği	
69	24/08/2023	Hüseyin özgüroğlu	
72	24/08/2023	Hüsnü boyacioğlu çiftliği	
73	24/08/2023	Hüsnü kulluk	
74	24/08/2023	İbrahim sevgi çiftliği	
76	24/08/2023	İrfan akça çiftliği	
77	24/08/2023	İrfan soğuksu çiftliği	
78	24/08/2023	İsmail harman çiftliği	
80	24/08/2023	Kadir zeybek çiftliği	

81	24/08/2023	Kepceci aydin devecioğlu çiftliği	
82	24/08/2023	Koray eriş	
83	24/08/2023	Korkmaz cam çiftliği	
84	24/08/2023	Köroğlu çiftliği	
85	24/08/2023	Kürşat dikici çiftliği	
86	24/08/2023	Levent okan	
88	24/08/2023	Mehmet cingirt çiftliği	
90	24/08/2023	Mehmet barut nizamoğlu	
91	24/08/2023	Mehmet çakir çiftliği	
92	24/08/2023	Mehmet elmali çiftliği	
93	24/08/2023	Mehmet karaca	
95	25/08/2023	Mehmet nihat karci çiftliği	
96	25/08/2023	Mehmet özer	
97	25/08/2023	Mehmet özilhan	
98	25/08/2023	Mert mehmet atik hayvan çiftliği	
99	25/08/2023	Mesut purmaz	
100	25/08/2023	Muharrem-münir uyandiran çiftliği	

103	25/08/2023	Mustafa kaya çiftliği	
105	25/08/2023	Mustafa sert ikizler galeri çiftliği	
106	25/08/2023	Mustafa tüyene	
107	25/08/2023	Mustafa uysal konyali çiftliği	
108	25/08/2023	Muzaffer-mustafa softa çiftliği	
109	25/08/2023	Nalbantçi feridun çiftliği	
110	25/08/2023	Nayman tarim	
111	25/08/2023	Necip kuyucu çiftliği	
112	25/08/2023	Niyazi sayan çiftliği	
113	25/08/2023	Nuri seçeroğlu	
114	25/08/2023	Osman yazan doyranli çiftliği	
115	25/08/2023	Ömer demirci çiftliği	
116	25/08/2023	Orhan kemal akkuş çiftliği	
117	25/08/2023	Orhan yünlüoğlu	
119	25/08/2023	Özhan özen çiftliği	
120	25/08/2023	Prokons çiftliği	

121	25/08/2023	Rifat eriş çiftliği	
122	25/08/2023	Rifat yerdelen çiftliği	
123	25/08/2023	Süleyman gacar	

D.4. Sampling approach

Not Applicable

D.5. Clarification requests (CLs), corrective action requests (CARs) and forward action requests (FARs) raised.

The VVB has raised 09 Clarifications and 03 Corrective Action Requests which have been resolved and successfully closed. No FAR has been raised. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further details.

SECTION E. Verification findings

Means of verification	Comparing the monitoring report /01/ with the monitoring report form provided by GS
Findings	-
Conclusion	CCIPL confirms that the monitoring report version 05, dated 13/09/2023 /01/ is prepared using GS monitoring report template version 1.1 of 14/10/2020 which is the latest and valid template and completed with relevant information as per the template requirement.

E.1. Compliance of the monitoring report with the monitoring report form

E.2. Remaining forward action requests from validation and/or previous verifications

GS had raised a FAR during design review which stated that "VVB is required to check for double counting at verification stage by reviewing all relevant registries that could hold RECs from the project. The list of registries examined shall be reported in the verification report." This has been addressed by the VVB in this report. Please refer to section E.3.

E.3. Compliance of the project implementation and operation with the registered project design document

Means of verification	The proposed project activity is a biogas-to-energy project that will generate renewable energy by capturing biogas from cattle manure -via anaerobic digestion- and utilising it to produce thermal and electric energy.
	The Manure generated by approximately over 36,327 cattle living at around 123 neighbouring farms is collected daily through special sewage trucks.
	The proposed project activity has a total number of five biogas engines installed at the biogas power plant. Four engines are with the net capacity of 1.067 MWe each. While 1 engine is with net capacity 0.621 MWe. Accordingly, the biogas system installed has been designed with a total power of 4.868 MWe.

The proposed project activity will consist in a collection system of the manure generated from the dairy and other cattle, and an ulterior process in the anaerobic digesting plant.

The manure will be treated through the following processes: a) homogenization of the manure, b) pasteurization in order to eliminate pathogens that could affect the biodigester operation and c) anaerobic digestion. This was effectively confirmed by CCIPL during the site visit through direct supervision of the installations.

The baseline scenario of the proposed project activity, as a Greenfield power plant, is that the electricity delivered by the Project to the National Grid of the Republic of Turkey. In the absence of the proposed project activity, the same amount of electricity is required to be supplied via either the current power plants or by increasing the number of thermal power plants, thus increasing GHG emissions. In addition, Before the project activity, cattle manure generated at the farms were left to decay in anaerobic conditions. Hence, greenhouse gases generated from animal manure were released directly into atmosphere. Hence, the greenhouse gas identified in the PDD is Carbon dioxide (CO_2) and Methane (CH_4) which is duly validated by the VVB during validation.

The commercial operation of the project activity had been commissioned on 26/10/2018 /08/ which was verified vide commissioning certificates indicating the start date of commercial operation.

Location of the central treatment plant and the farms were verified through Google Maps (https://www.google.com/maps) and found consistent with the data provided in the registered PDD.

The technical specifications of the project activity equipment's have been physically checked during the site visit and are found to be consistent with the mentioned under section B.1 of MR.

The status of the project activity is verified through the online system during site visit available at site office, indicating the real-time generation data and hence it is confirmed that the project is fully functioning.

The project activity is designed to treat the cattle manure (anaerobic digestion) & capture the biogas to generate electricity and heat in a cogeneration unit. Waste heat from gas engine is utilized mainly for heating anaerobic fermenters and emission reductions associated with heat generation and usage are not claimed. The generated electricity is supplied to the national grid and is also used for auxiliary/internal consumption required for the plant to function. This has been verified by on-site inspection, checking the related documentations, and interviews with the project implementer.

The project is expected to reduce of GHG in the atmosphere through avoiding emissions from controlled anaerobic digestion treatment by capturing biogas & generate electricity. The estimated emission reduction from the project is 1,244,314 tCO2e per year during the 5-year crediting period from 26/10/2018 to 25/10/2023.

Thus, the project generates GHG emission reductions and produces financial, social, and environmental benefits. The project has resulted in the local sustainable development as described in table 1 of MR.

Therefore, it was confirmed that the sectoral scope is Scope 13 Waste handling and disposal as per the UNFCCC Standard "Applicability of sectoral scopes version 01.0".

The project is applicable to the applied CDM Methodologies AM0073 – "GHG emission reductions through multi-site manure collection and treatment in a central plant", Version 1.0" /B01/.

In conclusion, it is verified that the summary description of the project in MR is in line with the PD template requirements and all the information has been provided and verified as correct.

	 The project developer has implemented the grievance mechanism in line with the registered PDD, this is confirmed through the interviewing the village mukhtar and by reviewing a copy of grievance register submitted. The project implementation, with reference to PDD, was checked during the site visit and confirmed the following: The monitoring system including the measurement of parameters, data collection and archiving was also implemented and operated inline to the PDD. The emission reduction was achieved in compliance with applied methodology and registered PDD. The project contributes to the sustainable development which includes, but not limited to, enhancement of local economy, creating employment and many other
	benefits to the village population.
	Double counting of carbon credits:
	a. The project activity is not registered under any other emissions trading program or any other mechanism that includes GHG allowance trading. Following registries have been assessed:
	https://www.climateactionreserve.org/
	https://registry.goldstandard.org/projects?q=&page=1
	https://iceland.itmoregistry.net/Public/Project
	https://biocarbonregistry.com/en/projects/
	https://projects.globalcarboncouncil.com/pages/submitted_projects
	b. The project activity has not sought or received any renewable energy certificates during this monitoring period. This is verified through the list of registered projects published at the official website.
	c. The project is not registered under the international REC Mechanism e.g. I-REC Device Registry and the same is confirmed through the I-REC web site (<u>https://v-1.evident.app/Public/ReportDevices/</u>).
	The assessment team can confirm that there is no double counting of credits anticipated in the current monitoring period. The PP has also provided a declaration for no double counting and the same has been verified by the VVB.
	The outage record/Excel Sheets for this monitoring period was verified from Invoices/Logbooks shared by PP and found ok.
Findings	CL 02 and CAR 01 were raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further details.
Conclusion	The emission reductions achieved during the current monitoring period $(01/01/2020 - 31/12/2022)$ are 1,452,485 tCO ₂ e, that is within the estimated quantity of 3,732,939 tCO ₂ e for the monitoring period, in the registered PDD. The verification team confirms actual operation of the project and implementation in compliance with §09 of the "Validation and Verification Standard" Version 1.0 dated 06/03/2023 and GS4GG requirements.

E.4. Post-registration changes

E.4.1. Temporary deviations from the registered monitoring plan, applied methodologies, standardized baselines or other methodological regulatory documents¹

>> N/A

E.4.2. Corrections

>>

 In the registered PDD and the initial MR submitted to the VVB, it was stated that 4 Biogas Engines are installed at the plant with a capacity of 1.2 MWe each (4 x 1.2 MWe = 4.8 MWe). However, during site visit the VVB observed that there are 5 biogas engines installed on site with net capacity of 0.602x1 MWe and 1.067x4 MWe (4.868 MWe).

PP had planned to implement 4 biogas engines with power of 1.2 MWe each. However, due to supplier's stock lack, planned capacity has been achieved by other engines. The current installed capacity can be checked from the electricity generation license /07/ and the commissioning documents for all the 5 engines /08/.

- In accordance with the applied methodology, the parameters MS%_j, T, and W_{manure,l,t} are required to be monitored and hence added in section D.2 of the MR.
- In accordance with the applied methodology, MS%_{bl,j} is being added as a fixed parameter which is used in baseline calculations.
- The title for the SDG 13 monitoring parameter has been changed from "Air Quality related to capturing and utilising GHGs from animal manure" to ""Tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions avoided or removed" which aligns with the project contribution of resulting emission reductions.
- According to 'Errata and Clarifications to AM0073' publication by VERRA, CDM TOOL 14 and 2019 Refinement to the 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National GHG Inventories can be used for defining LF_{AD} parameter. Therefore, LF_{AD} parameter has been corrected as the digesters with steel or lined concrete or fiberglass digesters and a gas holding system (egg shaped digesters) and monolithic construction will have a value of 0.028 as per the IPCC (2006), Flesch et al. (2011) and Kurup (2003).

Thus, it has been verified that the corrected parameters are in accordance with the applied methodologies.

E.4.3. Changes to the start date of the crediting period

>>

N/A

E.4.4. Inclusion of a monitoring plan

>> N/A

E.4.5. Permanent changes from registered monitoring plan, or permanent deviation of monitoring from the applied methodologies, standardized baselines or other methodological regulatory documents

¹ Other standards, methodologies, methodological tools and guidelines (to be) applied in accordance with the applied(selected) methodologies are collectively referred to as the other (applied) methodological regulatory documents).

E.4.6. Changes to the project design

>> N/A

E.4.7. Changes specific to afforestation and reforestation project activities

>>

N/A

E.5. Compliance of the registered monitoring plan with applied methodologies, applied standardized baselines, and other applied methodological regulatory documents

Means of verification	During this monitoring period, the validated and registered monitoring plan was found to be in accordance with the applied methodology /02/, /12/.
Findings	-
Conclusion	The verification team has checked the actual monitoring plan against the registered monitoring plan and monitoring methodology and applicable tools. Furthermore, the verification team has checked the monitoring system by means of comparison with the information given in the monitoring plan and monitoring methodology. The monitoring plan is completely in accordance with the approved methodology /B01/ applied by the registered PDD/02/.

E.6. Compliance of monitoring activities with the registered monitoring plan

E.6.1. Data and parameters fixed ex ante or at renewal of crediting period

Means of verification	The following ex-ante parameters are considered in the calculation of the emission reductions:		
	Parameters	VVB Assessment	
	EF_{grid,CM,y} - Emission factor for the Turkish National Grid.	This value is fixed ex-ante based on published data from the Ministry of the Energy and Natural Resources in Turkey & found consistent with the PDD.	
		Value – 0.5706 tCO ₂ /MWh	
	D _{CH4} - Density of methane at normal (at room temperature 20°C and 1 atm pressure) conditions.	PP has applied the value prescribed in the applied methodology /B01/ for this parameter & found consistent with the registered PDD.	
		Value – 0.00067 t/m ³	
	GWP_{CH4} - Global Warming Potential of CH4	PP has applied IPCC (AR4/5) value which has been cross verified by the assessment team.	
		Value –	
		Till 01/01/2021 – 25	
		After 01/01/2021 – 28	

n _{flare,m} – Flare efficiency	The value is applied in accordance with CDM TOOL 06 /B02/. In accordance with paragraph 21 of TOOL 06, the default value for flare efficiency is 90%. However, the flare installed on-site is an enclosed flare that is defined as low height flare. This is also confirmed by reviewing the technical specifications of the flare /21/. Therefore, in accordance with paragraph 23 of TOOL 06, flare efficiency is adjusted, as a conservative approach, by subtracting 10 percentile points.
	Value – 80%
MCF _j - Annual methane conversion factor (MCF) for the baseline animal manure management system j	The value applied in accordance with 2019 Refinement to 2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories (IPCC 2019), Volume 4, Chapter 10, Table 10.17 (Updated), page 67 which is found consistent with the registered PDD.
	Value – 0.76
B _{0,LT} - Maximum methane producing potential of the volatile solid generated for animal type 'LT'.	PP has sourced the value from IPCC 2019 value Volume 4, Chapter 10, Table 10.16, page 10.66 which is found consistent with the registered PDD.
	Value –
	Dairy Cattle: 0.24 m³CH4/kg-dm;
	Non-Dairy Cattle: 0.18 m ³ CH4/kg-dm
TDL _{j,y} - Average technical transmission and distribution losses for providing electricity to source j in year y	The value is calculated from the data Provided by Turkish Electricity Transmission Corporation (TEİAŞ) in accordance with Methodological Tool: Baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption and monitoring of electricity generation, Version 3.0 /B02/. This is found to be consistent with the registered PDD.
	Value – 0.11
LF_{AD} - Default Methane leakage from anaerobic digesters/reactor.	According to the applied methodology /B01/, the default value is 0.15. However, PP has applied a lower value, the source of which has been checked by the verification team and is found to be appropriate. The value is taken in accordance with TOOL 14 /B02/ for concrete digesters.
	Value- 0.028

	EF _{co2,f} - CO2 emission factor of the fossil fuel type f used in transportation vehicles. NCV,f - Net calorific value of fuel type f in TJ per volume or mass units. MS%Bl, j - Fraction of manure handled in system j in the baseline	PP has used IPCC 2006 value as a source of document, which has been cross verified by the assessment team & found consistent with the registered PDD. Value- 74,800 (tCO ₂ e/TJ) PP has used IPCC 2006 value as a source of document, which has been cross verified by the assessment team & found consistent with the registered PDD. Value – 43.3 Baseline survey /10/ conducted by the PP has been verified. Manure management system is uncovered anaerobic lagoon in the baseline survey farms.	
		Value – 100%	
Findings	CL02 was raised and closed succes details.	sfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further	
Conclusion	CCIPL is able to confirm that the data and parameters fixed ex-ante have been implemented in full compliance with the registered monitoring plan.		

E.6.2. Data and parameters monitored

Data / Parameter:	EG _{d,y}				
Data unit:	MWh/yr				
Description:	Quantity of net electricity generation supplied by the project plant/unit to the grid in year y.				
Source of data used:	Electricity meter / Bill generated				
Value	Year Net Electricity Generation (MWh)				
	2020			13,303.14	
	2021			18,769.352	
	2022 17,011.02			17,011.02	
	Total 49,083.512				
Means of verification/Comments:	As per the registered monitoring plan, following the Turkish legislation titled 'The Measurement and Measuring Instrument Regulations, ¹ ' the meters are calibrated and tested periodically (every 10 years) by the designated authority and the same has been considered for this MP and confirmed by cross-checking the calibration records. The details of the calibration of electricity meters are given below:				
	Serial no. Calibration date Accuracy				
	21010329	21010329 26/10/2018 0.55		0.5S	
	21010254 26/10/2018 0.5S		0.5S		
Cross-check	The reported data has bee and sales receipts /17/ and	en cross-chec I found to be d	ked with ER	Sheet /03/, meter readings	

¹

https://www.mevzuat.gov.tr/anasayfa/MevzuatFihristDetaylframe?MevzuatTur=7&MevzuatNo=6381&MevzuatTertip =5#:~:text=Naklimetre%20ve%20hububat%20muayene%20aletlerinin,ve%20Ayar%20Te%C5%9Fkilat%C4%B1%20tara f%C4%B1ndan%20yap%C4%B1l%C4%B1r (Accessed on 30/01/2023)

Data / Parameter:	Quality of employment		
Data unit:	Number of trainings for employees		
Description:	Without the Project, local people have no such opportunities to work in safe and healthy environment like in the project; or no chance to be trained on the technology and the monitoring of the plant operation, and the emergency and safety procedures.		
Source of data used:	Training records for all employees fr	rom Human Resource Department.	
Value	Year	Number of Trainings	
	2020	32	
	2021	20	
	2022	11	
Means of verification/Comments:	A number of training courses are conducted by the PP for all employees every year and/or once required to improve their knowledge and performance. The parameter is monitored to check project's contribution towards SDG 8. VVB has verified the same during site visit & crosschecked the training records provided by the PP for the same & found consistent.		
Cross-check	The recorded data has been cross-checked with the training records /22/ and is found to be consistent.		
Data / Parameter:	Quantitative employment and incom	e generation	
Data unit:	Number of recruited staff and their s	ocial security records	
Description:	Ensuring that the staff receives their full salaries on time		
Source of data used:	Salary slips to be provided by the Project Owner		
Value	Year Employee Number		
	2020	31	
	2021 27		
	2022 29		
Means of verification/Comments:	The parameter is monitored annually to check the project's contribution towards SDG 8. VVB has verified during site visit & crosschecked the supporting evidence (Appointment Letters/Salary Slip) for the same & found consistent.		
Cross-check	The reported data has been cross-checked with the salary slips /23/ and is found to be consistent.		

Data / Parameter:	Tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions avoided or removed		
Data unit:	tCO2eq/yr		
Description:	Emission reductions achieved due to project activity		
Source of data used:	ER Sheet		
Value	Year	Emission Reduction (tCO2e/year)	
	2020	475,832	
	2021	456,896	
	2022 519,757		

Means of verification/Comments:	The parameter is monitored to check project's contribution towards SDG 13. The parameter in the PDD was addressed "Air Quality related to capturing and utilising GHGs from animal manure", which has now been corrected in the MR.
Cross-check	The reported data has been cross-checked with the ER sheet /03/ and is found to be consistent.

Data / Parameter:	VS			
Data unit:	kg-dm/animal/day			
Description:	Volatile solid excretion rate per day on a dry-matter basis for a defined livestock population			
Source of data used:	Lab log book records			
Value	Year Average VS (%) Average VS (%) Dairy Cattle Other Cattle			
	2020 75.86 74.59			
	2021 77.02 76.34			
	2022 77.52 77.28			
Means of verification/Comments:	The parameter is monitored daily and accumulated monthly. This parameter required to be determined as per Annex 2: 'Method for determination for Volatile Solids in animal waste' and Annex 4: 'Guidance on sample extraction and statistical procedures' of the approved baseline and monitoring CDM methodology of AM0073. In line with this requirement the PP has provided the lab logbook records and a detailed calculation sheet as evidence. Furthermore, the VVB has conducted interviews with the laboratory staff about the analysis and calculation procedure. Upon checking the provided monitoring data, the calculation sheet and the conducted interviews, VVB confirms that the applied analysis method is in line with the Methodology.			
Cross-check	The reported data is cross-checked with lab log book records /15/ and ER sheet /03/ and is found to be consistent.			
D (D)	h			
Data / Parameter:	Wmanure,LT			
Data unit:	kg/animal/day			
Description:	Average manure weight excreted by a defined population at the project site in kg/animal/day			

Source of data used:	Average manure weight excreted by a defined population in Turkey:		
	 Melikoğlu, M & Menekşe, Z.K. (2020) 'Forecasting Turkey's cattle and sheep manure based biomethane potentials till 2026'. <i>Biomass and Bioenergy.</i> Vol. 132 (105440), pp. 1-13. (Available at <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.biombioe.2019.105440</u>) 		
	 Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry (2017) Animal Husbandry Informative Report¹, pp. 1-132 		
	 Şenol, H. & Dereli, M.A. & Özbilgin, F. (2021) 'Investigation of the distribution of bovine manure-based biomethane potential using an artificial neural network in Turkey to 2030'. <i>Renewable and</i> <i>sustainable Energy Reviews.</i> Vol. 149 (111338), pp. 1-14. (Available at <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rser.2021.111338</u>) 		
	 Alkaya, E. & Erguder, T.H. & Demirer, G.N. (2010) 'Effect of operational parameters on anaerobic co-digestion of dairy cattle manure and agricultural residues: A case study for the Kahramanmaras- region in Turkey'. <i>Engineering in Life</i> <i>Sciences.</i> Vol. 10(6), pp. 652-659 (Available at 		
	<u>https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1002/elsc.201000037</u>) Ersoy, E. & Uğurlu, A. (2020) 'The potential of Turkey's province based livestock sector to mitigate GHG emissions through biogas production'. <i>Journal of</i> <i>Environmental Management.</i> Vol. 225, pp. 1-9		
Value	Dairy Cattle: 40		
	Other Cattle: 25		
Means of verification/Comments:	The parameter will be monitored annually by conducting literature review by the PP.VVB has cross verified the literature provided by the PP to determine the Wmanure,LT.		
	In academic literature, the average manure weight excreted by dairy cattle is regarded between 80 and 38.8 kg/day. Average manure weight excreted by other cattle (feedlot &beef) is regarded between 27 and 59.1 kg/day.		
	In addition, PP collects manure daily from the animal farms and based on the total mass of manure, which is fed into the digesters, average manure weight excreted by dairy cattle is calculated which is between 60 and 70kg/day, and by other cattle 35 and 45 kg/day.		
	For the calculations, PP has taken lower value from the literature to be conservative which is deemed appropriate.		
	PP has taken the approach to determine average manure weight excreted by each animal type by conducting comprehensive literature research from a conservative perspective. W _{manure,LT} values have been adjusted for dry basis in line with the reference indicated in the Annex-2 of the applied methodology. CCIPL has found the approach appropriate and in compliance with the applied methodology.		
Cross-check	The reported data is cross-checked with the literature and the ER sheet /03/ and is found to be consistent.		

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https://www.tarimorman.gov.tr/HAYGEM/Belgeler/Hayvanc%C4%B1l%C4%B1k/B%C3%BCy%C3%BCkba%C5%9F%20Hayvanc%C4%B1l%C4%B1k/2017 %20Y%C4%B1l%C4%B1/B%C3%BCy%C3%BCkba%C5%9F%20Hayvan%20Yeti%C5%9Ftiricili%C4%9Fi.pdf

Data / Parameter:	FE		
Data unit:	%		
Description:	The flare efficiency		
Source of data used:	Project developer records		
Value	Year Flare Efficiency (%)		
	2020	90	
	2021	90	
	2022	90	
Means of verification/Comments:	PP has conservatively considered the flare efficiency to be 90%. The PP has determined the flare efficiency based on CDM Tool 06: Project emission from flaring version 4.0 and monitored the flare efficiency through the SCADA-connected flame detection system. The enclosed flare is installed, and according to the applied tool, the flare efficiency for the enclosed flare system has two options. The PP has chosen to determine the flare efficiency according to Option A: Default value that is 90%. Also, logbook records have been checked and VVB confirmed that flaring biogas amount mentioned is correct.		
Cross-check	The reported data has been cross-checked with the flare specifications /21/, operational records for the monitoring period /21/ and ER sheet /03/ and is found to be consistent.		

Data / Parameter:	Νρ			
Data unit:	Numbers			
Description:	Number of animals produced annually of type LT for the year y			
Source of data used:	Project developer record	ds		
Value	Year	Type of Animal	Number of Animals	
	2020	Dairy Cattle	34,749	
	Non-dairy Cattle 1,578			
	2021	Dairy Cattle	34,749	
	2021	Non-dairy Cattle	1,578	
	2022	Dairy Cattle	34,749	
	2022	Non-dairy Cattle	1,578	
Means of	The data is obtained from the annual monitoring surveys conducted by the PP and			
verification/Comments:	is monitored annually. T	he monitoring survey	results can be cross-checked with	
	the farm owner's records.			
	The farm owners keep track of each animal that they have at their farm. Each animal has their ear tags stating their names, ages, weights, vaccinations etc.			
Cross-check	The reported data is cross-checked with the ER sheet /03/ and the monitoring surveys conducted by the PP and is found to be consistent. The farmers records are maintained in an online system which can be accessed by the farm owner. These records were also checked during the site visit.			

Data / Parameter:	N _{da}
Data unit:	Numbers

Description:	Number of days animal is alive in the farm in the year y		
Source of data used:	Project developer records		
Value	Year	Type of Animals	Days
	2020	Dairy Cattle	365
		Non-dairy Cattle	270
	2024	Dairy Cattle	365
	2021	Non-dairy Cattle	270
	0000	Dairy Cattle	365
	2022	Non-dairy Cattle	270
Means of verification/Comments:	The PP has monitored the number of days animals are alive in the farm in the year (Nda) based on the annual monitoring surveys that was conducted by the PPs with the animal farm owners. By interviewing with the animal farm owners and assessing the annual monitoring surveys during the site visits, the verification team confirms that the average annual number of animals is appropriately monitored. The monitoring survey results can be cross-checked with the farm owner's records.The farm owners keep track of each animal that they have at their farm. Each animal has their ear tags stating their names, ages, weights, vaccinations etc.		
Cross-check	The reported data is cross-checked with the ER sheet /03/ and the monitoring surveys conducted by the PP and is found to be consistent. The farmers records are maintained in an online system which can be accessed by the farm owner. These records were also checked during site visit.		

Data / Parameter:	MS%j		
Data unit:	Fraction		
Description:	Fraction of manure handled in system j in project activity		
Source of data used:	Project proponent		
Value Year		MS%	
	2020	55%	
	2021	55%	
	2022 54.6%		

Means of verification/Comments:	The parameter is monitored annually for the calculation of baseline emissions.
	The PP has monitored the fraction of manure handled based on the logbook records on the weighbridge. By checking the logbook records of the weighbridge, the verification team confirmed that the amount of waste entered the plant from each supplier farm. Furthermore, the manure supply agreements signify that the manure supplier farms are obligated to furnish the entirety of animal waste generated at the farms to the project activity. The PP has applied an approach to cross-check the values by applying equation below: Wweighbridge = MS% * Np,LT * Wmanure,LT Where;
	Wweighbridge= weighbridge data related to the specific farm (ton/day)
	MS%= Fraction of manure handled in AWMS
	Wmanure,LT= Average manure weight excreted by a defined population at the project site
	Np,LT= Number of animals produced annually of type LT for the year y
	The verification team has found the applied approach and equation reasonable
Cross-check	The reported data is cross-checked with the ER sheet /03/, weighbridge data, and the monitoring surveys conducted by the PP and is found to be consistent.

Data / Parameter:	Vf			
Data unit:	m³			
Description:	Biogas flow			
Source of data used:	Daily operation record			
Value	Year	Total Biogas Flow (m³)	Biogas Flow to the Gas Engine (m ³)	Biogas Flow to the Flare (m ³)
	2020	40,078,459.40	38,290,196.58	688,838.96
	2021	38,738.614	37,225,919.26	384,390.51
	2022	42,816.733	39,514,836.44	501,499.13
Means of verification/Comments:	The volumetric flow ra installed at the project digester system is me Anaerobic Digesters (SCADA operators, as monitoring instruments verification team confir monitored and hourly recorded by SCADA op	te of the captured t site. The parame easured by the flow ADs). By interview ssessing calibratio s, checking the SC med that the readir recorded to SCAD/ perators in the oper	biogas is measure eter of biogas flow w meters installed ving with the site r n and maintenane CADA records of the ngs of the flow meter A. Also, biogas flow rational logbook.	ed with flow meters from the anaerobic at the outlet of the nanager(s) and the ce records for the ne flow meters, the ers are continuously v rate was manually
Cross-check	The reported data is c consistent.	ross-checked with	the ER sheet /03/	and is found to be

Data / Parameter:	$\sum_{i} (N_{vehicles,i,y} \times Dist_{i,y} \times FC_{i,f})$
Data unit:	Liters
Description:	Average consumptions of fuel type f in volume per year from manure road transportation

Source of data used:	Log-book records	
Value	Year	Average Consumption (It)
	2020	83,027
	2021	86,365
	2022	104,131
		of discut is providented successful based on daily
Means of verification/Comments:	records maintained by the project emissions.	staff for the calculation of project and leakage
	The verification team interviewed t and found this approach reliable a	he site manager and the PP during the site visits and realistic.
Cross-check	The reported data was cross-che /19/ for the monitoring period and	cked with the ER sheet /03/ and diesel oil bills is found to be consistent.

Data / Parameter:	n _{dy}	
Data unit:	Numbers	
Description:	Number of days the central treatme	nt plant was operational in year y
Source of data used:	Project developer records	
Value	Year	n _{dy} (numbers)
	2019	365
	2020	365
	2021	365
	2022	365
Means of verification/Comments:	As per the registered PDD, the par- visits, the verification team interview records. The verification team con monitoring period is correct.	ameter is monitored annually. During the site ed the site manager and checked the logbook firmed the n _{dy} value is taken for the current
Cross-check	The reported data was cross-che records and is found to be consister	cked with the ER sheet /03/ and logbook nt.
Data / Parameter:	$EC_{PJ,j,y}$	
Data unit:	MWh/yr	
Description:	Quantity of electricity consumed by year y	the project electricity consumption source j in
Source of data used:	Project developer records	

Value		Year	Electricity from biogas captured (MWh)	Electricity supplied the national grid (MWh)	Electricity consumed by the project activity (MWh)	
		2020	16,725.963	13,303.140	3,422.809	
		2021	21,488.186	18,769.352	2,718.834	
		2022	19,840.527	17,011.020	2,829.507	
Means of verification/Comments:	The mete (Mea calib By ir reco mete	parameter is co ers installed at asurement and M prated every 10 ye nterviewing with t rds for the monit ers cross-verified	ntinuously measure the project. In Aeasuring Instrumer ears. he site manager(s), toring instruments, a l with the electricity	ed and recorded m accordance with the nts Inspection regu assessing calibration and checking the re bills issued to the	onthly by electriction on the local stand lation), the meter on and maintena ecords on electrictional grid,	ricity dard er is ance ricity the
	verif and	ication team conf the value taken is	irmed that the electri s correct.	icity meters were co	ntinuously recor	ded,
Cross-check	The /18/	reported data wa and is found to be	s cross-checked witl e consistent.	h the ER sheet /03/ a	and meter readir	ngs

Data / Parameter:	FV _{RG,h}			
Data unit:	m ^{3/} h	m ^{3/} h		
Description:	Volumetric flow hour h	Volumetric flow rate of the captured biogas in dry basis at normal conditions in hour h		
Source of data used:	Log book record	ls		
Value		Year	Captured biogas (m³/h)	
		2020	4,575.166	
		2021	4,422.216	_
		2022	4,887.754	
Means of verification/Comments:	The volumetric installed at the p digester system Anaerobic Dige: SCADA operator monitoring instriverification team monitored and h recorded by SC/ In accordance w Inspection regula	flow rate of the capture project site. The paramet is measured by the fl sters (ADs). By intervie ors, assessing calibrati uments, checking the S n confirmed that the rea nourly recorded to SCAE ADA operators in the ope with the local standard (M ation), the flowmeters ar	ed biogas is measured er of biogas flow rate fro low meter installed at the ewing with the site man ion and maintenance SCADA records of the adings of the flow meter DA. Also, biogas flow rate erational logbook. Measurement and Measu e calibrated every 10 year	with flow meter m the anaerobic he outlet of the ager(s) and the records for the flow meter, the r is continuously te was manually ring Instruments ars.
Cross-check	The reported da records and is fo	ata was cross-checked ound to be consistent.	with the ER sheet /03/	and log book

Data / Parameter:	fvcH4,RG,H

Data unit:	fraction	fraction		
Description:	Volumetric f	Volumetric fraction of methane in the captured biogas on dry basis in hour h		
Source of data used:	Log book re	cords		
Value		Year	Volumetric fraction of methane (%)	
		2020	62.65	
		2021	61.70	
		2022	63.80	
Means of verification/Comments:	The param continuously the site maintenanc of the gas reading of the SCADA and recorded to that the m methodolog	neter of volumetric fraction y measured by gas analyser is anager(s) and the SCADA e records for the monitoring is analyser during site visits, t the gas analyser is continued d was aggregated yearly. Als operational logbook by site n monitoring of this parameter y.	n of methane in captured installed on gas line. By interv a operators, assessing calit instrument, checking the SCA the verification team confirm pusly monitored and hourly so, the volumetric fraction of nanager. The verification tear er is in compliance with t	biogas is viewing with pration and DA records ned that the recorded to methane is n confirmed the applied
Cross-check	The reporte records and	ed data was cross-checked is found to be consistent.	with the ER sheet /03/ and	d log book

Data / Parameter:	Т
Data unit:	°C
Description:	Monthly average ambient temperature at the livestock farms included in the project boundary
Source of data used:	Turkish General Directorate of Meteorology

Value	Year	Month	Average Ambient Temperature (°C)
		January	8.8
		February	9.6
		March	11.6
		April	15.9
		Мау	20.8
	2020-2022 Yearly Av	June	25.4
		July	27.9
		August	27.7
		September	23.8
		October	18.9
		November	14.3
		December	10.6
		verage	17.9
Means of verification/Comments:	The values are source are found appropriate Celsius and therefore methodology. Therefore emission reductions.	ed from Turkish Gen The annual average complies to the pre, all the months	eral Directorate of Meteorology ¹ which e temperature is higher than 5 degrees applicability condition of the applied are included in the calculations of
Cross-check	The reported data was consistent.	s cross-checked wit	h the ER sheet /03/ and is found to be

E.6.3. Implementation of sampling plan

Not applicable

E.7. Compliance with the calibration frequency requirements for measuring instruments

Means of verification	Document Review, Interviews
Findings	-
Conclusion	The verification team confirms that all the monitoring equipment have been installed in the project activity as per the registered monitoring plan.
	In summary, the verification team is able to verify that the accuracy of the monitoring equipment was set according to the registered monitoring plan and relevant standards. Furthermore, the verification team confirms all calibration procedures were carried at the frequency as specified by the methodology, monitoring plan of the registered PDD /02/ and aligned with the manufacturer specifications. Therefore, the accuracy of the monitoring equipment is assured.

¹ <u>https://www.mgm.gov.tr/veridegerlendirme/il-ve-ilceler-istatistik.aspx?k=A&m=IZMIR</u>

VVB has cross checked the calibration records /20/ during the document
review and confirms that the calibration requirements are followed.

E.8. Assessment of data and calculation of emission reductions or net removals

E.8.1. Calculation of baseline GHG emissions or baseline net GHG removals by sinks

Means of verification	Baseline emissions are estimated as the sum of the amount of methane and nitrogen						
	oxide emissions and electricity / heat emissions in the baseline scenario.						
	$BE_{a} = BE_{average}$	$+BE_{AB} + BE_{AB} + BE_{AB}$					
	$y = -AW$, CH_4 , y	$= -AW, N_2O, y$ = elec/neat, y					
	where,						
	RE – total baseline or	nissions in year y, in tCO-elyear					
	BEy = total baseline er						
	DEAW,CH4,y = Daseline metha						
	RE-	amingiona attributable to animal waste					
	DEAW,N20,y = Daseline N2O						
		emissions from electricity and/or heat					
	DEelec/heat = Daseline CO2	$\frac{1}{2}$					
	generated/cons	unied in the baseline, in tCO2e/year					
	The calculation of the baseline emissi	ons has been documented in the excel sheet					
	/03/ provided by the project participant	which have been verified by CCIPI					
		which have been vernice by Con E.					
	The total emissions have been obtained by the project participant considering 100%						
	of the baseline manure is treated in uncovered anaerobic ladoons and 0% with active						
	deep bedding mixing as this is the most conservative scenario. These percentages						
	are aligned with what has been observed by CCIPL during the site visit						
	ale algred with what has been observed by Con E during the site visit.						
	Baseline Emissions during Monitoring period						
	VVB has cross verified all the below e	equations & parameters in line with registered					
	PDD /02/ & Methodology /B01/ during	this monitoring period.					
	Baseline Emissions Equations	Value					
	Baseline CH ₄ emissions (BE _{CH4, y})						
	$BE_{CH4,y} = GWP_{CH4} * D_{CH4}$						
	$*\sum (MCE_* * B)$	2,021,284 tCO ₂ e					
	$\prod_{j,LT} \uparrow \sum_{j,LT} (MCT_j + D_{0,LT})$						
	$* N_{LT} * VS_{LT,y}$						
	* <i>MS</i> % _{<i>Bl,j</i>})						
	Annual volatile solid excretions for						
	livestock LT entering all AWMS on a	Year Dairy Cattle Other Cattle					
	dm/animal/yr).	(Kg - (Kg - dm/animal/yr).					

	2020 75.86 74.59			
$VS_{LT,y} = W_{manure,LT} * VS_{default}$	2021 77.02 76.34 2022 77.52 77.28			
* nd _y				
Annual average number of animals of type LT (N _{LT})	Year Dairy Other Cattle			
$N_{LT} = N_{da,LT} * \left(\frac{N_{p,LT}}{365}\right)$	2020 36,700 1,263.45 2021 36,700 1,263.45			
Maximum methane producing	2022 36,700 1,263.45 0.24 m ³ CH ₄ /kg dm for dairy cattle and 0.18 m ³ CH ₄ /kg dm for other cattle.			
Baseline N ₂ O emissions (BE _{N2O,V})	0			
	-			
	EG _{BL,y} i.e., amount of electricity that would be consumed in the absence of the project activity for operating all AWMs facilities would be 0 as there is no electricity consumption or generation in the baseline.			
Baseline CO ₂ emission from electricity and/or heat used in the baseline $BE_{\frac{elec}{heat},y} = EG_{Bl,y} \times CEF_{Bl,elec,y}$	$HG_{BL,y}$ i.e., Quantity of thermal energy that would be consumed in year y in the absence of the project activity using fossil fuel for operating all AWMSs would be 0 as there is no thermal energy consumption or generation in the baseline.			
$+ EG_{d,y} \times CEF_{grid} + HG_{Bl,y} \times CEF_{Bl,therm,y}$	The product of amount of electricity generated utilizing the biogas collected during project activity and exported to the grid and grid emission factor in the project scenario during the monitoring period amounts to 28,007 tCO ₂ e.			
	The grid emission factor is based on the 2020 published data by Ministry of Energy and Natural resources of Turkey has calculated combined margin, the value for which is 0.5706 tCO ₂ e/MWh.			
The parameters which are a part of the equations stated above are assessed in sections E.6.1 and E.6.2 of this report.				
According to applied methodology, Al the baseline are higher than the meas in the project situation (this is calculate outlet and methane fraction in the biog the emissions reduction for claiming of actual methane captured from an anathe ($BE_{CH4,y} - PE_{AD,y} - PE_{PL,y}$) and if (which is a component of BEy – PEy)	M0073, if the calculated CH ₄ emissions from ured CH ₄ generated in the anaerobic digester ed as the product of biogas flow at the digester gas), then the latter shall be used to calculate certified emissions reductions. Therefore, the aerobic digester/reactor shall be compared to found lower, then ($BE_{CH4,y} - PE_{AD,y} - PE_{PL,y}$) is replaced by actual methane captured.			
Since the calculated CH ₄ emissions ($BE_{CH4,y} - PE_{AD,y} - PE_{PL,y} = 1,981,489 \text{ tCO}_2\text{e}$) are higher than the measured one (1,431,917 tCO ₂ e), PP has taken the measured value of the CH ₄ for current monitoring period.				
Thus, the actual biogas captured in 2020, 2021 and 2022 are considered for the calculations. Total actual methane captured from anaerobic digesters is lower than calculated CH ₄ emissions for the monitoring period. On this basis, the baseline emission values are demonstrated below for the monitoring period and are				

	considered for emi	considered for emission reduction calculations.						
	Period	Period BE _{CH4} (tCO ₂ e) BE _{elec/heat,y} (tCO ₂ e) BE _y (tCO ₂ e)						
	2020	471,050	7,591	625,082				
	2021	2021 448,398 10,710 712,963						
	2022	2022 512,470 9,706 711,245						
	Total	Total 1,431,917 28,007 2,049,290						
	Total baseline impa tCO2e.	Total baseline impact (baseline emissions) of the 1^{st} monitoring period was 1,459,924 tCO ₂ e.						
Findings	CL 07 was raised an	CL 07 was raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further details.						
Conclusion	CCIPL confirms tha consistent with on-s /03/.	CCIPL confirms that baseline emissions have been appropriately calculated and are consistent with on-site assessment, the applied methodology and registered PDD /02/, /03/.						

E.8.2. Calculation of project GHG emissions or actual net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Means of verification	Project Emissions: -				
	According to the applicable methodology AM0073, project emissions are calculated				
	according to the following formula:				
	$PE_{y} = PE_{AD,y} + PE_{Aer,$	PE _{Con}	$PE_{N_2O,y} + PE_{PL,y} + PE_{flare,y} + PE_{elec'heat,y} + PE_{CQ,Trans,y} + PE_{storagey}$		
	Where,				
	PEy PE _{AD, y}	=	Project emissions (tCO ₂ e/yr) Leakage from treatment stage that captures methane (tCO ₂ e/yr)		
	PE _{Aer, y}	=	Methane emissions from the aerobic treatment stage (tCO2e/yr)		
	PE _{Comp,y}	=	Total project emissions due to composting (tCO2e/yr)		
	PE _{N2O,y}	=	Nitrous oxide emission from project treatment system (tCO2e/yr)		
	PE _{PL,y}	=	Physical leakage of emissions from biogas network to flare the captured methane or supply to the facility where it is used for heat and/or electricity generation (tCO ₂ e/yr)		
	PE _{flare,y}	=	Project emissions from flaring of the residual gas stream (tCO2e/yr)		
	PE _{elec/heat}	=	Project emissions from use of heat and/or electricity in the project case (tCO2e/yr)		
	PEco2,Trans, y	=	Project emissions from manure road transportation (tCO2e/yr)		
	PE _{storage,y}	=	Project emissions from manure storage (tCO2e/yr)		
	Since the proposed p $PE_{Aer,y}$ shall be account involve composting, <i>P</i> manure is not stored in	orojec untec PE _{com} n out	et activity does not consist of aerobic AWMS treatment, d as "0". In addition, for the proposed project does not p,y shall also be accounted as "0". Moreover, since the tdoor open storage tanks more than 24 hours, $PE_{storage,y}$		

shall be a	counted as	s "0" too.
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VVB has cross verified all the below equations & parameters in line with registered PDD & Methodology during this monitoring period.

Project Emissions Equations	Value
Leakage from AWMS systems that capture's methane in tCO ₂ e $PE_{AD,y} = GWP_{CH4} \times \rho_{CH4,n} \times \frac{LF_{AD}}{(1 - LF_{AD})} \times \sum_{h=1}^{8760} (FV_{RG,h} \times fv_{CH4,RG,h})$	39,794.66 tCO2e
N_2O emissions from the central treatment plant	0
Physical Leakage from distribution network of the captured methane in (PE_{PL})	0
Project emissions from heat use and electricity use (PE _{elec/heat}) $PE_{\frac{elec}{heat}y} = PE_{elec,y} + \sum_{j} PE_{heat,j,y}$	0
Project emissions from road transportation (PE _{CO2,Trans,y}) $PE_{CO_2,Trans,y} = \{\sum_{i} (N_{vehicles,i,y} \times Dist_{i,y} \times FC_{i,f}) \times [\sum_{f} NCV_f \times EF_{CO_2,f}]\}$	739.63 tCO₂e
Project emissions from flaring $PE_{flare,y} = GWP_{CH4} \times \sum_{m=1}^{525600} F_{CH4,RG,m} \times (1 - \eta_{flare,m}) \times 10^{-3}$	1,018.07
Project emissions from electricity consumption in year y (tCO ₂ /yr) $PE_{EC,y} = \sum_{j} EC_{PJ,j,y} \times EF_{EF,j,y} \times (1 + TDL_{j,y})$	5,682.02 tCO ₂ e

The parameters which are a part of the equations stated above are assessed in sections E.6.1 and E.6.2 of this report.

The project emission component values are demonstrated below:

Period	PE _{AD,y} (tCO ₂ e)	PE _{CO2,tran} s,y (tCO ₂ e)	PE _{EC,y} (tCO ₂ e)	PEflare, y (tCO ₂ e)	PE _y (tCO ₂ e)
2020	12,115.43	224.51	2,167.89	416.24	14,924.07
2021	12,916.77	233.54	1,722.02	256.20	15,128.52
2022	14,762.46	281.58	1,792.11	345.63	17,181.79

	Total	39,794.66	739.63	5,682.02	1,018.07	47,234.38
	According to applied methodology, AM0073, if the calculated CH ₄ emissions from the baseline are higher than the measured CH ₄ generated in the anaerobic digester in the project situation (this is calculated as the product of biogas flow at the digester outlet and methane fraction in the biogas), then the latter shall be used to calculate the emissions reduction for claiming certified emissions reductions. Therefore, the actual methane captured from an anaerobic digester/reactor shall be compared to the (BE _{CH4,y} – PE _{AD,y} – PE _{PL,y}) and if found lower, then (BE _{CH4,y} – PE _{AD,y} – PE _{PL,y}) (which is a component of BEy – PEy) is replaced by actual methane captured.					
	Since the c higher than of the CH4	alculated CH4 er the measured o for current monit	nissions (BEci ne (1,431,917 oring period.	_{H4,y} – PE _{AD,y} – ′ tCO₂e), PP h	$PE_{PL,y} = 1,98^{\circ}$ has taken the	neasured value
	Therefore, leakage of the facility considered because m – PE _{PL,y.}	Therefore, leakage from treatment stage that captures methane ($PE_{AD,y}$) and physical leakage of emissions from biogas network to flare the captured methane or supply to the facility where it is used for heat and/or electricity generation ($PE_{PL,y}$) will not be considered as a part of project emissions when calculating emission reductions because measured CH ₄ value is taken instead of calculated value of $BE_{CH4,y} - PE_{AD,y} - PE_{PL,y}$.				
	The project emission values (excluding the project emissions Leakage from treatment stage that captures methane($PE_{AD,y}$) and Physical leakage of emissions from biogas network to flare the captured methane or supply to the facility where it is used for heat and/or electricity generation ($PE_{PL,y}$) are demonstrated below for the monitoring period and are considered for emission reduction calculations.					
		Period		PE _{y-} PE _{AD,y}	-PE _{PL,y} e)	
		2020		2.809	9	
		2021		2,212	2	
		2022		2,419	9	
		Total		7,440)	
	Total SDG 13 baseline impact (Project emissions excluding Leakage from treatment stage that captures methane and excluding Physical leakage of emissions from biogas network to flare the captured methane or supply to the facility where it is used for heat and/or electricity generation which is "0") of the 1st monitoring period was 7,440 tCO ₂ e.					
	The calculation of the project emissions has been verified by CCIPL and added documented in the excel sheet provided by the project participant. In the case of the project activity there are methane emissions, nitrogen oxide emissions, and carbon dioxide emissions from electricity consumption and from manure road transportation. Therefore, the total project emissions amount to 7,440 tCO ₂ e during this monitoring period.					
Findings	CL 08 and CL 09 were raised and closed successfully. Please refer to Appendix 4 for further details.					
Conclusion	CCIPL confirms that project emissions have been appropriately calculated and are consistent with on-site assessment, the applied methodology and registered PDD /02/					

E.8.3. Calculation of leakage GHG emissions

Means of verification	According to methodology AM0073, leakage covers the emissions from land
	application of treated residues, outside the project boundary. These emissions are
	estimated as net of those released under project activity and those released in the
	baseline scenario. Net leakage of N ₂ O and CH ₄ are only considered if they are

	positive. CO ₂ emissions due to the road transportation of sludge or treated effluent
	outside the project boundary are also considered as leakage.
	Under both the project activity and the baseline, the treated manure is spread as
	fertilizer in agricultural fields. However, under the project activity a part of the manure
	is transformed into biogas under anaerobic conditions. Therefore, the amount of
	manure used as a fertilizer under the project activity will be lower than in the baseline
	with the correspondent GHG emissions reductions, including the emissions from
	transportation of the fertilizer by road.
	Also, this project considers the road transportation within the project boundary and
	therefore, leakage emission from road transportation is considered as zero.
	Therefore, as the leakage emissions to be considered in the emission reduction
	calculation are the net of those released under the project activity and those released
	under the baseline scenario, no leakage has been considered. It is CCIPL's opinion
	that this approach is acceptable.
Findings	-
Conclusion	CCIPL confirms that leakage emissions are not applicable to the project activity in
	accordance with the applied methodology.

E.8.4. Summary calculation of GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview						
Findings	-						
Conclusion	The emiss	ion reductions are	calculated in accorda	ance with the following equation:			
	ERy = BEy	- PE _y - LE _y					
	Where, ER _y is the total emission reductions of the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e; BE _y is the baseline emissions for the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e; PE _y is the emissions for the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e; LE _y is the leakage emissions for the project activity during the year y in tCO ₂ e.						
	Year	Year BE_y (tCO2e) PE_y (tCO2e) ER_y (tCO2e)					
	2020	2020 478,641 2,809 475,832					
	2021	459,108	2,212	456,896			
	2022 522,176 2,419 519,757						
	Total 1,459,924 7,440 1,452,485						
	The data presented in the monitoring report /01/ and emission reduction sheet /03/ were assessed by reviewing in detail project documentation, collection of monitored data, observation of established monitoring and reporting practices and assessment of the reliability of monitoring equipment. Sufficient evidence was presented by the PP which is detailed in Appendix 3 of this report and verified by CCIPL team.						

E.8.5. Comparison of actual GHG emission reductions or net anthropogenic GHG removals by sinks with estimates in registered PDD

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview
Findings	-
Conclusion	The ex-ante estimate value of the emission reductions for the monitoring period as per the registered PDD /02/ is $3,732,939$ tCO ₂ e and the actual emission reductions achieved for the monitoring period is $1,452,485$ tCO _{2e} .

The emission reduction calculations provided in the spreadsheet /03/ have been
verified to be correct and in line with the registered PDD /02/

E.8.6. Remarks on difference from estimated value in registered PDD

Means of verification	Document Review, Interview	
Findings	N/A	
Conclusion	 ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A ¹/A 	

E.9. Assessment of reported sustainable development co-benefits

interviewed during on-site visit.

Means of verification					
	Relevant SDG	Source of Data	Estimated value in the PDD	Reported value for the monitoring period	
	SDG 7	Meter records and sales receipts /17/ /18/	93,345 MWh of electricity generation by capturing biogas	49,083.512 MWh of electricity generation by capturing biogas	
	SDG 8	Employment records, salary slips and training records /22/ /23/	20 jobs for local people created 10 trainings	31, 27, and 29 jobs for local people created respectively for years 2020, 2021, and 2022 69 trainings Average monthly salary – 6,680 TL	
	SDG 13	-	3,732,939 tCO ₂ e	1,452,485 tCO ₂ e	
The reported SDG benefits are monitored in accordance with the m in the registered PDD which is confirmed by the VVB by documen during site visit as well. In the baseline there was no electricity gene employment was generated. Therefore, it can be confirmed that the p generates net benefit as demonstrated in the table above.				vith the monitoring plan document reviews and icity generation, and no I that the project activity	
	Continuous gri grievance was mechanism in p grievance regis	ievance mechanis recorded. PP de lace to resolve any ter is maintained	sm: As verified during o have an effective issues by the stakeho at the village mukh	on on-site audit, no maintenance/service olders. As part of this a tar's office who was	

Findings	-
Conclusion	The parameters have been monitored appropriately, in accordance with the registered monitoring plan (as per measurement methods and procedures to be applied) and applied methodology. The monitoring results were recorded consistently as per the approved frequency in the monitoring plan.

SECTION F. Internal quality control

The final verification report passed a technical review before being submitted to the client for submission to SustainCert. A technical reviewer qualified in accordance with CCIPL's qualification scheme for CDM validation and verification performed the technical review.

SECTION G. Verification opinion

CCIPL has performed first verification of the emission reductions reported for the project activity "İzmir Ödemiş Biogas Power Plant" having GS Reference No. 7527 for the period 01/01/2020 to 31/12/2022, with regard to the relevant GS4GG principles and requirements. The project participants are responsible for the collection of data in accordance with the monitoring plan and the reporting emission reductions from the project.

Verification methodology and process:

The team assigned to the verification meets the CCIPL's internal procedures including the UNFCCC requirements for the team composition and competence.

The verification team has conducted thorough review as per GS4GG, UNFCCC and CCIPL's procedures and requirements. The verification has been performed as per the requirements described in the GS4GG requirements and constitutes the review and completion of the following steps:

- Reviewing the registered PDD (version 7; dated 30/09/2022) /02/;
- Receipt of the MR /01/;
- Desk review of the MR /01/ and other relevant documents;
- Review of the applied monitoring methodology (AM0073, version 01) /B01/;
- Review of any CMP and EB decisions, clarifications and guidance;
- On-site assessment (22/08/2023 25/08/2023);
- Resolution of CARs and CLs raised during verification;
- Issuance of Verification Report

The project activity was correctly implemented according to the selected monitoring methodology and registered PDD /02/. Through document review and on-site visit assessment, the verification team confirms that the project activity has resulted in 1,452,485 tCO₂e emission reductions during the monitoring period.

The verified amount of emission reductions is stated below as per each vintage covered under the current monitoring period.

Year	Emission Reductions (Amount) in this monitoring period			
	Duration	Emission reduction (tCO ₂ e)		
2020	01/01/2020-31/12/2020	475,832		

2021	01/01/2021-31/12/2021	456,896
2022	01/01/2022-31/12/2022	519,857
Total	-	1,452,485

CCIPL therefore pleased to issue a positive verification opinion expressed in the attached Certification statement.

SECTION H. Certification statement

It is CCIPL's opinion that the GHG emission reductions stated in the monitoring report, version 05 dated 13/09/2023 for project activity, "İzmir Ödemiş Biogas Power Plant" for period 01/12/2021 to 30/11/2022 (Inclusive of both the dates) are fairly stated /01/. The GHG emission reductions were calculated correctly based on the approved monitoring methodology, AM0073 – "GHG emission reductions through multi-site manure collection and treatment in a central plant", Version 1.0 /B01/ Hence, CCIPL able to certify that the emission reductions from the project during the monitoring period 01/01/2020 to 31/12/2022 (Inclusive of both the dates) amount to 1,452,485 tCO₂e.

Appendix 1. Abbreviations

Abbreviations	Full texts
BE	Baseline Emissions
CAR	Corrective Action Request
CCIPL	Carbon Check (India) Pvt. Ltd.
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CH ₄	Methane
CL	Clarification Request
CO ₂	Carbon dioxide
CO ₂ e	Carbon dioxide equivalent
DOE	Designated Operational Entity
EB	Executive Board
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ER	Emission Reductions
ER	External Resources
FAR	Forward Action Request
GHG(s)	Greenhouse gas(es)
GS4GG	Gold Standard for Global Goals
GWP	Global Warming Potential
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
LDC	Least Developed Country
LoA	Letter of Approval
LSC	Local Stakeholder Consultation
MoV	Means of Verification
MP	Monitoring Plan
MR	Monitoring Report
PDD	Project Design Document
PE	Project Emission
PP(s)	Project Participant(s)
Ref.	Document Reference
SD	Sustainability Development
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
SMP	Sustainability Monitoring Plan
SS(s)	Sectoral Scope(s)
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change
VER	Voluntary Emission Reduction
VVB	Validation and Verification Body
VVS	Validation and verification standard

Appendix 2. Competence of team members and technical reviewers





Carbon Check (India) Private Limited

Certificate of Competency

Muhammet Ali ERDURAN

has been qualified as per CCIPL's internal qualification procedures in accordance with the requirements of CDM AS (V7.0), ISO/IEC14065:2020, ISO/IEC 17029:2019 and other applicable GHG programs:

for the following functions and requirements:

□ Validator	□ Verifier	🗆 Team Leade	r	Technical Expert			
🗆 Technical Reviewer	🗆 Health Expert	🗆 Gender Exp	ert	Plastic Waste Expert			
□ SDG+	□ Social no-harm(S+)	🗆 Environmer	nt no-harm(E+)	CCB Expert			
🗆 Financial Expert	☑ Local Expert for Tur	key					
	in the follo	wing Technical Are	eas:				
🗆 TA 1.1	🗆 TA 1.2	🗆 TA 2.1	🗆 TA 3.1	🗆 TA 4.1			
🗆 TA 4. n	🗆 TA 5.1	🗆 TA 5.2	🗆 TA 7.1	🗆 TA 8.1			
🗆 TA 9.1	🗆 TA 9.2	🗆 TA 10.1	🗆 TA 13.1	🗆 TA 13.2			
🗆 TA 14.1	🗆 TA 15.1						
Issue	Date		Expiry	/ Date			
03 rd Ma	ay 2023		02 nd Ma	ay 2024			
Vixash J.	Bil		1-	مركاس			
Mr. Vikash Kumar Singh		-	Mr. Ami	t Anand			
Compliance Officer			CI	EO			
CCIPL_FM 7.9 Certificate of Competen	cy_V2.1_012023			: Lassannannanna			



Carbon Check (India) Private Limited

Certificate of Competency

Ms. Indumathi C

has been qualified as per CCIPL's internal qualification procedures in accordance with the requirements of CDM AS (V7.0), ISO/IEC14065:2020, ISO/IEC 17029:2019 and other applicable GHG programs:

for the following functions and requirements:

🛛 Validator	$\boxtimes \mathbf{V}$	erifier	🛛 Team Leade	r	🛛 Technical Expert
I Technical Review	wer 🗆 H	ealth Expert	Gender Expert		Plastic Waste Expert
⊠ SDG+	⊠ Se	ocial no-harm(S+)	🛛 Environmen	t no-harm(E+)	CCB Expert
🛛 Financial Expert	🛛 Lo	ocal Expert for Ind	ia and Sri Lanka		
		in the follo	wing Technical Are	as:	
🛛 TA	1.1	🛛 TA 1.2	🗆 TA 2.1	🖾 TA 3.1	🗆 TA 4.1
	4. n	🗆 TA 5.1	🗆 TA 5.2	🗆 TA 7.1	🗆 TA 8.1
	9.1	🗆 TA 9.2	🗆 TA 10.1	🖾 TA 13.1	🖾 TA 13.2
	14.1	🗆 TA 15.1			
I	ssue Date			Expiry	Date
1 st .	anuary 20	23		31 st Decen	nber 2023
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Mr. Vikash Kumar Singh Compliance Officer		ar Singh Officer	_	Mr. Amit Anand CEO	

CCIPL_FM 7.9 Certificate of Competency_V2.1_012023

Appendix 3. Documents reviewed or referenced

No.	Author	Title	References to the document	Provider
/01/.	Biosolutions	Monitoring ReportVersion03, 31/07/2023;datedVersion05, 13/09/2023dated		PP
/02/.	Biosolutions	Registered GS PDD	Version 07, dated 30/09/2022	PP
/03/.	Biosolutions	Ex-post emission reduction calculation spreadsheet	PP	
/04/.	Biosolutions	Ex-ante emission reductions calculation sheet	PP	
/05/.	Biosolutions	Evidence for the project location (GPS coordiantes – KML file)	-	
/06/.	Almer Proje Ministry of Environment and Urbanization	EIA report issued by Almer Proje and approved by the Ministry of Environment and UrbanizationReport dated 06/04/2017 Approval Dated 11/05/2017		PP
/07/.	Energy Market Regulatory Authority PP	Electricity generation license issued by the Energy Market Regulatory Authority (EMRA)	Dated 20/09/2018	PP
/08/.	Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources	Commissioning certificates of the gas engines installed under project activity	Gas Engine 1 – dated 26/10/2018 Gas Engines 2, 3, 4, and 5 – dated 08/12/2018	PP
/09/.	Biosolutions	Project implementation timeline (evidence for the key project milestones)	-	PP
/10/.	ARF Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs	Credible evidence for the baseline scenario in line with the applied methodology: - Baseline surveys - ESTABLISHMENT, WORKING, SUPERVISION OF LIVESTOCK ENTERPRISES REGULATION ON PROCEDURES AND PRINCIPLES	Dated 09/08/2006	PP
/11/.	PP	Evidence for on-going communication with local	-	PP

		stakeholders: Grievance register maintained at Mukhtar's office		
/12/.	PP	Declaration by parties other than the central treatment plant managing entity stating that they will not claim CERs claim CERs from the improved animal waste treatment practices	-	PP
/13/.	PP	Manure collection agreement signed with each farm owner	-	PP
/14/.	Ministry of Energy and Natural resources of Turkey	Credible evidence for the calculation of Operating, Build and Combined margin in line with CDM TOOL 07: Türkiye NATIONAL ELECTRICAL NETWORK EMISSION FACTOR INFORMATION FORM, 2019		PP
/15/.	ARF	Lab logbook records as evidence for the determination of volatile solid excretion rate per day on dry matter basis,	-	PP
/16/.	ARF	Animal counting records	-	PP
/17/.	ARF	Invoices corresponding to the quantity of electricity supplied by the project during the monitoring period from 01/01/2020 till 31/12/2022	Monthly invoices for the years 2020, 2021, and 2022	PP
/18/.	ARF	Evidence for the electricity generation for this monitoring period: Meter Readings	-	PP
/19/	BİOTRANSPORT LOJİSTİK TARIM SANAYİ VE TİCARET ANONİM ŞİRKETİ	Diesel Oil Bills for the monitoring period from 01/01/2020 to 31/12/2022	-	PP
/20/	Various	 Calibration records for the following: Electricity main-meter Electricity backup meter Flowmeter 1 Flowmeter 2 Gas analyzer Portable gas analyzer Lab equipment Weighbridge 	-	PP
/21/	Aris Enerji ARF	Flare operational records for the monitoring period along with its technical specifications	Dated 08/03/2022	PP
/22/	ARF	Training manuals, records and certificates of personnel involved with the project activity	-	PP

/23/	ARF	Employment records for the monitoring period	-	PP
/24/	ARF	Single line diagram of the central treatment plant	-	PP
/B01/	UNFCCC	Approved baseline and monitoring methodology AM0073 "GHG emission reductions through multi-site manure collection and treatment in a central plant"	Version 01	Publicly Available
		TOOL 05: Baseline, project and/or leakage emissions from electricity consumption and monitoring of electricity generation	Version 3.0	
/B02/	UNFCCC	TOOL O6: Project emissions from flaring	Version 04.0	Publicly
		TOOL 07: Tool to calculate the emission factor for an electricity system	Version 07.0	Available
		TOOL 14: Project and leakage emissions from anaerobic digesters	Version 2	
/B03/	UNFCCC	CDM validation and verification standard	Version 03	Publicly Available
/B04/	UNFCCC	Guideline: Application of materiality in verifications	Version 02	Publicly Available
		Gold Standard for the Global Goals Principles & Requirements		
/B05/	Gold Standard	Gold Standard for the Global Goals Principles & Requirements	Version 1.2 of October 2019	Publicly Available
		Gold Standard for the Global Goals CS Activity Requirements		
/B06/	TUV SUD	Validation report for the project "Izmir Odemis Biogas Power Plant"	Version 5.0, dated 07/11/2021	PP
/B07/	Gold Standard	Site Visit and Remote Audit Requirements and Procedures	Version 2.0, dated 30/05/2023	Publicly Available
/B08/	Gold Standard	Renewable Energy Activity Requirements	Version 1.4, dated 16/08/2021	Publicly Available

/B09/	CCIPL	Contract between Carbon Check (India) Private Limited and ARF Yenilenebilir Enerji Üretim Anonim Şirketi	Dated 08/08/2023	CCIPL
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Appendix 4. Clarification requests, corrective action requests and forward action requests

Table 1.CLs from this verification

CL ID	01	Section no.	-	Date: 31/08/2023	
Description of	Description of CL				
On the cover page of the MR, it is stated that version 06 of the PDD is applicable. However, on the project's SustainCERT platform, version 07 of the PDD is listed under design review documents. Clarification is requested.					
PP response				Date: 01/09/2023	
As it is mention typing error or	oned in SustainCER the cover page of the cover p	T platform, vers ne MR. Latest P	ion 07 of the PDD is the las DD (version 07) has been sh	t version of PDD. It was a ared as evidence.	
Documentatio	on provided by PP				
VVB assessm	nent			Date: 06/09/2023	
PP has revised the cover page of the MR to indicate applicability of version 07 of the PDD which is deemed acceptable. Therefore, this CL is closed.					

CLID	02	Section no.	E.3, E.6.2	Date: 31/08/2023
Description o	f CL			
In section D.2 of the MR, for Data/parameter table for $W_{manure,LT}$, PP has stated unit as 'kg'. PP needs to correct the unit and check the units of data/parameters throughout the MR. Additionally, the parameter $W_{manure,LT}$, was included under data and parameters fixed ex-ante in the PDD.				
Therefore, PP is requested to clarify why is it included under monitoring parameters in section D.2 of the MR.				
PP response				Date: 01/09/2023
Unit of Wmanure	ut has corrected as	kg/animal/day	in section D.2. Wmanure LT is to	aken from literature review

Unit of $W_{manure,LT}$ has corrected as kg/animal/day in section D.2. $W_{manure,LT}$ is taken from literature review to be conservative for emission reduction calculations. The parameter will be monitored by conducting literature review annually. Therefore, $W_{manure,LT}$ is included under section D.2.

Documentation provided by PP

VVB assessment

The unit for $W_{manure,LT}$ has been corrected to kg/animal/day.

Additionally, PP has also clarified why $W_{manure,LT}$ is included under monitoring parameters in section D.2 of the MR as it will be monitored by conducting literature review annually. This is deemed acceptable to the verification team and therefore, this CL is closed.

CL ID	03	Section no.	E.6.2	Date: 31/08/2023	
Description of CL					
The make an	d model of the we	igh scale and	dry air sterilizer listed in s	section D 2 of the MR for	

The make and model of the weigh scale and dry air sterilizer listed in section D.2 of the MR for parameter VS differ from those observed on site.

Date: 06/09/2023

PP response

The make and model of the weigh scale and dry air sterilizer are corrected in section D.2. of the MR.

Documentation provided by PP

VVB assessment

PP has revised section D.2 of the MR to indicate the correct make and model of the weigh scale and dry air sterilizer for parameter VS, which is deemed acceptable to the verification team. Therefore, this CL is closed.

CL	ID	04	Section no.	-	Date: 31/08/2023		
De	Description of CL						
Wit (a) (b)	 With respect to table 6 of the MR, the verification team has made following observations: (a) The serial numbers for Flow meter 1, Electricity meter 1, Electricity meter 2 and Gas analyzer do not match with the serial numbers of these meters on-site. (b) The type of gas analyzer installed at site is different from the one indicated in the MR. 						
PP	response				Date: 01/09/2023		
a. b.	 a. The reason of serial numbers does not match with meters installed on the site is that product codes have been written previously instead of serial numbers. The serial numbers for flowmeter 1, electricity meter 1, electricity meter 2 and gas analyzer have been corrected. b. There are two types of gas analyzer in the project site: one is portable and one is installed. Two of them are mentioned in the MR 						
Do	cumentatio	on provided by PP					
VV	B assessn	nent			Date: 06/09/2023		
a. b.	 a. PP has revised table 6 of the MR to indicate the correct serial numbers for Flow meter 1, Electricity meter 2 and Gas analyzer. Therefore, this part of the CL is closed. b. There were 2 gas analyzers on-site one of which is installed, and one is portable. The details of both have been provided in table 6 of the MR which match with the details observed on-site. Therefore, this part of the CL is closed. 						

CL ID	05	Section no.	E.6.2	Date: 31/08/2023
Description o	f CL			
PP has chosen section 6.2.2.1 period by prov - The tempe the manuf - The flame	n to apply a default of of TOOL 06. In line iding evidence for the erature of the flare (T acturer's operating s is detected in the m	value of 80% for with this, PP ne- le following 2 co F _{EG.m}) and the flo specification for t inute m (Flamen	r low height enclosed flare ef eds to demonstrate flare oper nditions: ow rate of the residual gas to the flare (SPEC _{flare}) in the mir n).	ficiency in accordance with ration during the monitoring the flare (F _{RG,m}) is within nute m
PP response				Date: 01/09/2023

The flow rate of the residual gas to the flare is measured every three seconds. Technical details of flowmeter have been shared below.

Date: 01/09/2023

Date: 06/09/2023



Flare specifications have been shared below. Manufacturer spesifications for the temperature of the flare ($T_{EG.m}$) and the flow rate of the residual gas to the flare ($F_{RG,m}$) can be seen below. Temperature of the flare should be between 800 to 1200 °C and the flow rate of the residual gas to the flare should not exceed 2300 Nm³/h.

BİYOGAZ YAKMA BACASI SPESİFİKASYONLARI				
Kapasite	2300 Nm3/h			
Тір	Ground Flare			
Malzeme	AISI 304 Paslanmaz Çelik			
Yanma odası ölçüleri	Çap: 1700 mm, boy: 6.000 mm			
Flare ölçüleri	Toplam boy 7.500 mm.			
Refrakter	100 mm seramik elyaf			
Yanma sıcaklığı	800-1200 C			
Min yanma basıncı	20 mbar			
Min methane oranı	35%			
Gözetleme camı	3" gözetleme camı			
Gaz bağlantısı	DN 200 PN 10			

PP uses ORDEL 0-1200C N type thermocouple¹ to measure the temperature of flare. This mineralinsulated thermocouple produced according to DIN 43710 standard which states that the thermocouple enables 0.15s response time for temperature measuring.

Mineral-Insulated Thermocouples According to DIN 43710 and DIN EN 60584

For temperatures between -200 to -1200° C
 Flexible sheat cable with Writerion-resistant measuring insert.
 Protection tube diameter as of 0.5 mm
 Ouck response time
 Application-specific insertion length
 Due to their specific features, mineral-insulated thermocouples are used in chemical plants, power plants, pipelines, engine building, and test rigs. Inside the flexible and thin-walked sheathed cable, the thermoviers are embedded in compressed and fire-resistant magnetium oxide.
 The good thermal transfer between the sheath and the thermocouple enables short response times (to_g as of 0.15 s) and accelient measuring accuracy. The vibration-resistant construction guarantees along perainting life. The smallest bending radius is 5 times the cuter diameter with a diameter of 0.5 to 2.0 mm, the minimum insertion length (EL) is ≥ 50 mm; with a diameter of 0.5 to 2.0 mm, the minimum isotion in the 1 is ≥ 50 mm; with a diameter of 0.5 to 2.0 mm, the minimum isotion ing to 10 the 0.504 and/or DN 43710. Versions with two thermocouples (elements) according to DIN EN 6054 and/or DN 43710. Versions with two thermocouples against theast in 4 do bar (helium).
 Leakage resistance: thermocouple against theath at room temperature and lengths < 1 m 200 MJ, with lengths > 1 m 200 MJ, with enginest in the subset of 1.5 minimum in seture and lengths < 1 m

Both flow rate of the residual gas and the temperature of the flare records have been shared with VVB. It can be seen that records for both parameters are coherent with flare specifications. Therefore, PP has chosen to apply a default value of 80% for low height enclosed flare efficiency in

accordance with section 6.2.2.1 of TOOL 06.

Documentation provided by PP

¹ https://www.ordel.com.tr/upload/MINERAL-IZOLELIITERMOKUPLLAR-.pdf

VVB assessment

Date: 06/09/2023

PP has demonstrated flare operation during the monitoring period by providing required evidence in accordance with TOOL 06. This is deemed acceptable to the verification team and therefore, this CL is closed.

CL ID 06 Section no. Date: 31/08/2023 E.6.2 **Description of CL** In section D.3 of the MR, for parameter VS (%) PP has not provided data for 'other cattle'. PP needs to state the entire data monitored for the parameter and follow this throughout the MR for all parameters. **PP** response Date: 01/09/2023 In section D.3. pf the MR, parameter VS has been given for both dairy and non-dairy cattle separately for each year. Documentation provided by PP Date: 06/09/2023 **VVB** assessment PP has revised section D.3 of the MR, for parameter VS (%), to provide data for 'other cattle' separately for each year in the monitoring period. Therefore, this CL is closed.

CL ID	07	Section no.	E.8.1	Date: 31/08/2023		
Description of	of CL					
In section E.2	of the MR, PP has	s calculated the	e final value of Baseline em	issions for this monitoring		
period as 2,0	21,284 tCO2e. How	vever, the veri	fication team has noted that	at the value is calculated		
excluding 'Ba	seline CO ₂ emission	from electricity	and/or heat used ($BE_{\frac{elec}{heat}, y}$)			
PP needs to o value.	clarify why the basel	ine CO2 emissi	ons due to electricity use we	ere not included in final BE		
PP response				Date: 01/09/2023		
Baseline CO ₂ calculation sh has been upo calculated as	Baseline CO ₂ emissions due to electricity use are included in final BE value as it can be seen in ER calculation sheet. In MR document, BE _{elec/heat} was forgotten to be added in final BE value. Final BE value has been updated in section E.2. The final value of Baseline emissions for this monitoring period has calculated as 2.049.290 tCO2e.					
Documentatio	on provided by PP					
VVB assessn	nent			Date: 06/09/2023		
PP has revised section E.2 of the MR to include baseline CO ₂ emissions due to electricity use in final BE value which is deemed acceptable to the verification team. Therefore, this CL is closed.						

CL ID	08	Section no.	E.8.2	Date: 31/08/2023		
Description o	f CL		·			
In section E.2	of the MR, sub sec	ction (III) 'Phys	ical Leakage from distributio	n network of the captured		
methane in (P	E _{PL}), PP needs to re	port on the val	ue of Physical leakage from	distribution network during		
this monitoring	g period.					
If the value for parameter is reported as 'zero', PP needs to demonstrate through calculation by stating the values monitored on flowmeter installed after the anaerobic digester and the flowmeter before the gas engine, boiler, and flare.						
PP response	PP response Date: 01/09/2023					

In the project site, gas generated in anaerobic digesters are carried by stainless and sealed pipes. The gas is either goes to gas engine or to the flare. PP declares that gas engine and flare do not work at the same time. PP shows the calculation of monitored values of generated and burned gas in the system as shown below.

Year	Total Biogas Flow (m ³)	Total Biogas to the Gas Engine (m ³)	Total Biogas to the Flare (m ³)
2020	40,078,459.40	39,389,620.44	688,838.96
2021	38,738,614	38,354,223.49	384,390.51
2022	42,816,733	42,315,233.87	501,499.13

Since there is no difference between the total biogas flow and the sum of biogas flow to the GE and flare, physical leakage from distribution network of the captured methane is taken as zero.

Documentation provided by PP

VVB assessment

Date: 06/09/2023

PP has demonstrated how the physical leakage from distribution network of the captured methane is zero for the project activity, which is deemed acceptable to the verification team. Therefore, this CL is closed.

CL ID	09	Section no.	E.8.2	Date: 31/08/2023	
Description	of CL				
During the or demonstrate p the monitoring	n-site visit a DG set project emissions fror g period in accordance	was observed n fossil fuel com æ with TOOL 03	by the verification hbustion due to the 3, along with suppo	team. Therefore, PP is requested to use of backup diesel generator during orting evidence.	
PP response				Date: 01/09/2023	
PP has declared that project activity did not use diesel generator during the monitoring period. PP has mentioned that they have started to use diesel generator since 2023. PP has started to monitor diesel generator usage and engine has worked 50 hours 12 min until now. PP will include project emissions from diesel generator for upcoming monitoring period.					
Documentati	on provided by PP				
VVB assessr	nent			Date: 06/09/2023	
PP has clarifi supporting ev	PP has clarified that there was no usage of diesel generator during the monitoring period along with supporting evidence. This is deemed acceptable to the verification team and therefore, this CL is closed.				

Table 2.CARs from this Verification

CAR ID	01	Section no.	E.3	Date: 31/08/2023
Description of CAR				

In section A.1 of the MR, PP states that, "The proposed project activity has total number of four biogas engines installed at the biogas power plant, with the net capacity of 1.20 MWe/h each. Accordingly, the biogas system installed has been designed with a total power of 4.8 MWe/h."

However, during the on-site inspection, it was found that there are five gas engines installed in the plant. Four of the gas engines are of capacity 1.067 MWe each, while one gas engine is of 0.621 MWe. This could also be confirmed with the electricity generation license for the project issued by EPDK on 20/09/2018.

Therefore, PP needs to clarify regarding this discrepancy and clearly indicate the installed capacity of the plant.

PP responseDate: 01/09/2023The project activity had planned to implement 4 biogas engines with power of 1.2 MWe each. However,
due to supplier's stock lack, planned capacity has been achieved by other engines. At the moment, the
project activity has total number of five biogas engines installed at the biogas power plant, with the net
capacity of 0.600x1 MWe and 1.067x4 MWe. Accordingly, the biogas system installed has been designed
with a total power of 4.868 MWe. Typing error has been corrected on MR and commissioning report for all
five engines have been shared with VVB.

Documentation provided by PP

VVB assessment

PP has clarified the reason for the aforementioned discrepancy and revised the MR to clearly indicate the number and installed capacity of the gas engines along with supporting evidence. This is deemed acceptable to the verification team and therefore, this CAR is closed.

CAR ID	02	Section no.	E.3, E.6.2	Date: 31/08/2023
Description of CAR				

In section C of the MR, it is stated that $FV_{RG,h}$ is continuously measured by the biogas flow meters (1 meter installed at the outlet of the anaerobic digestion, 1 meter installed at the inlet of the power generator and 1 meter installed in inlet of flare). But table 6 of the MR indicates presence of 2 flowmeters, 1 at the outlet of anaerobic digestion and 1 at the inlet of generator.

However, during the on-site visit VVB observed that two flow meters are installed at the outlet of anaerobic digestion for the total gas produced which is either used for electricity generation or flaring, not both simultaneously. Accordingly, PP needs to revise the relevant sections of the MR.

PP response

In the project site, there are two flowmeters installed at the outlet of the anaerobic digester, before desulphurization unit. PP monitors generated gas amount at digesters and burned gas amount either in gas engine or flare. In the project site, gas engine and flare do not work at the same time. Therefore, PP can monitor the amount of gas whether it is flared or burned in gas engine easily.

Documentation provided by PP

VVB assessment

PP has revised the relevant sections of the MR to indicate the presence of two flowmeters at the outlet of the anaerobic digester before the desulphurization unit. This is deemed acceptable to the verification team and therefore, this CAR is closed.

CAR ID	03	Section no.	Technical Review	Date: 11/09/2023
Description of CAR				

Date: 06/09/2023

Date: 01/09/2023

Date: 06/09/2023

Following findings were raised during the technical review process:

- a. In section B.1 of the MR, PP needs clarify the purpose / use of the heat produced during the process and clarify whether ERs are claimed w.r.t heat generation and usage.
- b. In section B.1 of the MR, PP is requested to provide technical details of the digesters and other technical systems and should also clarify whether the project has been implemented in line with sec A.3 of PDD with same technical components.
- c. In section D.2 of the MR, the parameter with heading "*Tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions avoided or removed*" differs from PDD. Additionally, the monitoring parameters *T*, *W*_{manure LT}, *MS*^{*}₆ and *V*f were not indicated in PDD. Therefore, clarification is requested.
- d. In section D.3 of the MR, PP is requested to add all the parameters mentioned under section D.2 of the MR.
- e. In section E.2 of the MR, PP needs to represent the total value of "*Electricity supplied to the national grid*" correctly.
- f. In section E.4 of the MR, the baseline and project estimate for "emission reductions" are indicated as baseline and project emissions for the monitoring period. PP is requested to rectify the same to represent the net benefit correctly.

PP response

Date: 11/09/2023

- a) Waste heat from gas engines is utilized mainly for heating anaerobic fermenters. The generated electricity is not only supplied to the national grid but is also used as auxiliary/internal consumption required for the plant to function. Untreated animal manure is an important source of methane which is of the most potent Greenhouse Gases (GHGs). The project activity avoids methane emission through the methane capture and utilization processes. Furthermore, the project reduces CO2 emissions from fossil fuel-based electricity generation by supplying biogas-based electricity to the national grid. Emission reductions are not claimed for heat generation and usage.
- b) All Technical Information related to digesters and other technical equipment is added in the MR.
- c) Monitoring of the parameter MS%j is required by the methodology so MS%j is added to the parameters that has to be monitored.

The methodology is applicable where the outside temperature is higher than 5°C so in order to check the methodology applicability Outside Temperature (T) has been added to the parameters that have to be monitored.

Wmanure,Lt parameter should be monitored as required by the methodology so the parameter have been moved from Ex-Ante values to the parameters that has to be monitored.

Parameter under SDG 13 in the PDD has been mentioned as "Air Quality related to capturing and utilising GHGs from animal manure" and corrected to "Tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions avoided or removed" in order to avoid misunderstanding in this MR.

- d) All missing parameters have been added under D.3
- e) The value has been presented correctly now in the MR.
- f) Emission reductions have been rectified in Section E.4

Documentation provided by PP

VVB assessment

Date: 13/09/2023

- a. Section B.1 of the MR has been revised to clarify the purpose / use of the heat produced during the process and whether ERs are claimed w.r.t heat generation and usage. Therefore, this part of the CAR is closed.
- b. Section B.1 of the MR has been revised to provide technical details of the digesters and other technical systems and it can be confirmed that the project has been implemented in line with sec A.3 of PDD with the same technical components. Therefore, this part of the CAR is closed.
- c. The title for the SDG 13 monitoring parameter has been changed from "Air Quality related to capturing and utilising GHGs from animal manure" to ""Tonnes of greenhouse gas emissions avoided or removed" which aligns with the project contribution of resulting emission reductions. The monitoring parameters *T*, *W*_{manure LT}, *MS*_{%i} and *Vf* were not indicated in PDD. However, according to the applied methodology, these parameters are required to be monitored and therefore are included in section D.2 of the MR. This is deemed acceptable to the verification team and therefore, this part of
- the CAR is closed.d. PP has revised section D.3 of the MR to add all the parameters mentioned under section D.2. Therefore, this part of the CAR is closed.
- e. PP has revised section E.2 of the MR to represent the total value of "Electricity supplied to the national grid" correctly. Therefore, this part of the CAR is closed.
- f. PP has revised section E.4 of the MR to represent the net benefit for "emission reductions" correctly and therefore, this part of the CAR is closed.

Table 3.FARs from this verification

FAR ID	XX	Section no.	Date: DD/MM/YYYY	
Description of FAR				
PP respons	Date: DD/MM/YYYY			
Documentation provided by PP				
VVB assessment Date: DD/MM/YYYY				