

GROUPED PROJECTS FOR WATER PURIFIERS FOR CLIMATE AND COMMUNITY ACTION PHASE 2



Document Prepared by

Carbon Check (India) Private Limited

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Summary:

Sustainability Investment Promotion and Development Joint Stock Company (SIPCO) has appointed Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd., to carry out the validation of the project "Grouped Projects For Water Purifiers For Climate And Community Action Phase 2", with regards to the relevant requirements of VCS Standard Version 4.5 (dated 29/08/2023)/B01-1/.

The goal of the grouped project activity is to install low greenhouse gas emitting safe drinking water purifier (SDWP) in the households/communities (hereafter "users") of Viet Nam. As a result, the proposed project activity aims to reduce the use and demand for fossil fuels and non-renewable biomass that would have been used to boil water as a means to purify water. This directly leads to reduced greenhouse gas. It is possible to help improve public health by reducing the use of wood fuel. Furthermore, the proposed project can help Viet Nam respond to climate change and develop sustainably.

The1st project activity instance under this grouped project will provide "20,000" SDWP in "Yen Bai" Province for free to households in rural communities with no previous water purifiers access/12/ All of the project instances that will be included in this grouped project will be from Viet Nam. The annual average GHG emission reductions of the project activity 1 are estimated to be "40,156" tC02e/annum.

The purpose of the validation is to have a thorough and independent assessment of the proposed project activity against the applicable VCS requirements, in particular, the project's baseline, monitoring plan and compliance with the relevant VCS and host Party criteria. These are validated in order to confirm that the project design, as documented, is sound and reasonable and meets the identified criteria. Validation is a requirement for all VCS projects and is seen as necessary to provide assurance to stakeholders of the quality of the project and its intended generation of emission reductions. Carbon Check's objective is to perform a thorough, independent assessment of the validation of the project activity.

Validation scope is defined as an independent and objective review of the Project Description (PD). The PD is reviewed against the relevant criteria and guidance documents provided by VCS which include the following: VCS Program Guide (v4.4, dated 29/08/2023), VCS Standard (v4.5, dated 29/08/2023), Program Definitions (v4.4, dated 29/08/2023), Registration & Issuance Process (v4.4, dated 04/10/2023) VCS Validation and Verification Manual (v3.2, dated 19/10/2016)/B01/ applicable at the time in order to confirm that the project meets the applicability conditions of the selected baseline and monitoring methodology applied for this project is CDM approved small scale methodology - AMS -III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08./B02/, also assess the claims and assumptions made in the PD without limitation on the information provided by the project participants.

The method and criteria used for validation

The validation consists of the following four phases:

- I. A desk review of the project description documents
- A review of data and information.
- Cross checks between information provided in PD and information from sources with all necessary means without limitations to the information provided by the project proponent.
- II. Interviews with project stakeholders
 - Interviews with relevant stakeholders in the host country with personnel having knowledge of the project development via telephone, email or direct on-site visits.



- Cross-checking between information provided by interviewed personnel with all necessary means without limitations to the information provided by the project proponent.
- III. Reference to available information relating to projects or technologies similar to project under validation and review based on the approved methodology being applied for the appropriateness of formulae and accuracy of calculations.
- IV. The resolution of outstanding issues and the issuance of the final validation report and opinion.

The number of findings raised during the validation

During the course of validation, a total of 28 findings were raised, which include:

20 Corrective Action Requests (CARs);

08 Clarification Requests (CLs);

00 Forward Action requests (FARs).

Any uncertainties associated with the validation

There are no uncertainties associated with the validation of the project activity. The validation has been done with a reasonable level of assurance.

Summary of the validation conclusion

Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. concludes the validation with a positive opinion that the VCS Grouped Project "Grouped Projects For Water Purifiers For Climate And Community Action Phase 2" as described in the PD (version 04.5, dated 27/10/2023) /01/, meets all applicable VCS requirements, including those specified in the VCS Standard (v4.5, dated 29/08/2023)/B01-1/, relevant methodology, tools and guidelines.

• The selected baseline and monitoring methodology AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08 /B02/, is applicable to the project and correctly applied. Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd., therefore, requests the registration of the project as a VCS-grouped project, with a reasonable level of assurance.



CONTENTS

1		INTRODUCTION	6
	1.1	Objective	6
	1.2	Scope and Criteria	6
	1.3	Reasonableness of Assumptions	7
	1.4	Summary Description of the Project	7
2		VALIDATION PROCESS	8
	2.1	Method and Criteria	8
	2.2	Document Review	8
	2.3	Interviews	9
	2.4	Site Visits	10
	2.5	Resolution of Findings	11
3		VALIDATION FINDINGS	12
	3.1	Project Details	12
	3.2	Safeguards and Stakeholder Engagement	21
	3.3	Application of Methodology	30
	3.4	Non-Permanence Risk Analysis	46
4		VALIDATION OPINION	46
	4.1	Validation Summary	46
	4.2	Validation Conclusion	47
AF	PEN	NDIX 1: COMPETENCE CERTIFICATES OF TEAM	49
AF	PEN	NDIX 2: REFERENCED DOCUMENTS	52
AF	PEN	NDIX 3: ABBREVIATIONS	54
ΛF	DEN	NDIX 4: FINDING LOG	55



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Objective

Sustainability Investment Promotion and Development Joint Stock Company (SIPCO) has appointed the VVB, Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. to perform a validation of the VCS Grouped Project "Grouped Projects For Water Purifiers For Climate And Community Action Phase 2"/11/. This report summarizes the findings of validation of the project, performed on the basis of the VCS Program Guide (v4.4, dated 29/08/2023), VCS Standard (v4.5, dated 29/08/2023), Program Definitions (v4.4, dated 29/08/2023), Registration & Issuance Process (v4.4, dated 04/10/2023), VCS Validation and Verification Manual (v3.2, dated 19/10/2016)./B01/ Validation is required for all VCS project activities intending to register a grouped project under the VCS program. This report contains the findings and resolutions from the validation of the grouped project.

The purpose of a validation is to have a thorough and independent assessment of the proposed grouped project against the applicable VCS requirements, in particular, the project's baseline, monitoring plan and the project's compliance with relevant VCS and host Party criteria. These are validated in order to confirm that the project design, as documented, is sound and reasonable and meets the identified criteria. Validation is a requirement for all VCS projects and is seen as necessary to provide assurance to stakeholders of the quality of the project and its intended generation of emission reductions, VCUs.

1.2 Scope and Criteria

The validation scope is defined as an independent and objective review of the Project Description (PD), project design, the project's baseline study and monitoring plan and other relevant documents. The PD is reviewed against the relevant criteria and decisions by the VCS Program, and against the approved baseline and monitoring methodology. Carbon Check has employed a risk-based approach in the validation, focusing on the identification of significant risks and the reliability of project monitoring and generation of emission reductions.

The validation is not meant to provide any consulting towards the project participants. However, stated requests for clarifications and/or corrective actions may have provided input for the improvement of the project design.

The validation is carried out on the basis of the following requirements, applicable for this grouped project:

- VCS Program Guide (v4.4, dated 29/08/2023)
- VCS Standard (v4.5, dated 29/08/2023)
- Program Definitions (v4.4, dated 29/08/2023)
- Registration & Issuance Process (v4.4, dated 04/10/2023)



- VCS Validation and Verification Manual (v3.2, dated 19/10/2016)
- AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version
 08
- Other relevant rules, including the host country legislation.

1.3 Reasonableness of Assumptions

The approach used by VVB for validation of the project activity is built on a thorough understanding of the risk associated with reporting data on GHG emissions and the controls used to mitigate them. VVB conducted the validation by reviewing and substantiating all the evidence and other relevant information and explanations from sources to provide reasonable assurance that estimated GHG emissions reductions are fairly reported. Validation team checked the criteria of VCS Program guide/B01-2/, & VCS standard/B01-1/, criteria of applied methodology /B02/ and compliances with relevant laws and regulations. The validation is planned and performed by obtaining evidence and other information and explanations that validation team considers necessary to give reasonable assurance that reported estimated GHG emission reductions are fairly stated and in compliance with the standards and guidelines of VERRA.

CCIPL has conducted an on-site audit for the project activity (explained in detail in section 2.4 below). All documentary evidence was checked, and a physical site visit was conducted with PP representatives, site personnel and consultants to arrive at a validation conclusion by the assessment team. Validation is carried out in conformity of all above-mentioned details and it is confirmed that information provided by project developer is accurate and estimated GHG emissions reductions are calculated appropriately on the basis of the approved baseline and monitoring methodology/B02/ and VCS standard version 4.5/B01-1/

1.4 Summary Description of the Project

The project involves distribution of safe drinking water purifiers (SDWP) in Viet Nam. The SDWP disseminated through this project to households in rural communities with no previous water purifiers access in Republic of Viet Nam. The grouped project activity applied approved & baseline methodology, CDM approved small scale methodology - AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08/B02/.

Grouped project activity will distribute a total of 20,000 SDWP during the first project activity, free of cost to the households. /12/ The grouped project activity started on 19/02/2023, which is also be the distribution date of 1st SDWP under this grouped project.

The crediting period for the grouped project activity is 10 years fixed. (19/02/2023 to 18/02/2033). The distribution of SDWP will achieve 40,156 tCO₂e emission reductions annually and 401,560 tCO₂e over the period of whole fixed crediting period for the first project activity.



2 VALIDATION PROCESS

2.1 Method and Criteria

Sustainability Investment Promotion and Development Joint Stock Company (SIPCO) has appointed the VVB, Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. /11/, to carry out the validation of the project "Grouped Projects For Water Purifiers For Climate And Community Action Phase 2", with regards to the relevant requirements of VCS Standard Version 4.5 (dated 29/08/2023)/B01-1/. The validation includes a thorough and independent assessment of the proposed grouped project against the applicable VCS requirements, in particular, the project's baseline, additionality, monitoring plan and the grouped project's compliance with relevant VCS and host party criteria. The validation involves assessment of the grouped project and to confirm that the grouped project meets the applicability conditions of the selected methodology, CDM approved small scale methodology - AMS-III.AV version 08b/B02/ and also assess the claims and assumptions made in the PD /01/ without limitation on the information provided by the project participants. The overall validation was conducted using Carbon Check's internal procedures.

2.2 Document Review

During the document review, CCIPL has applied standard auditing techniques including but not limited to document reviews and interviews, review of the applicable/applied methodology and its underlying formulae and calculations to assess the quality of information provided.

This report contains the findings and resolutions from the validation and a validation opinion on the proposed grouped project thus confirming the project design as documented is sound and reasonable and meets the stated requirements and identified criteria.

The VCS project description/01/, emission reduction calculation spread sheet/02/ and supporting documents related to the project design and baseline were reviewed as per VCS standard version 04.5 /B01-1/ requirements. The desk review included:

- A review of the data and information presented to verify completeness and consistency in accordance with VCS standard version 04.5 requirements.
- A review of the grouped project description and monitoring methodology, paying particular attention to the applicability conditions of the methodology and baseline and additionality related requirements.
- A review of the monitoring plan and the grouped project's compliance with relevant VCS criteria.

Furthermore, the validation team used additional documentation by third parties like host-party legislation, technical reports referring to the project design or to the basic conditions and technical data.

The VCS PD version 02 dated 08/03/2023 **/01/** was initially reviewed and CCIPL requested the PP to present the supporting information and documents. The documents reviewed by CCIPL are listed in Appendix 1 of the report. Through the process of validation, the revised VCS PD **/01/** and the supporting



documents were evaluated to confirm the actions taken by the PP to address the CARs and CLs issued by the validation team.

The table in Appendix 1 outlines the documentation reviewed during the validation.

2.3 Interviews

The table below describes the onsite interview process and further identifies personnel, including their roles, who were interviewed and/or provided information additional to that provided in the project description /01/ and any supporting documents.

S.No	Date	Name	Organisation	Topic
1	21/05/2023	Ms. Anh Ngo	Sustainability Investment	Project Design
			Promotion and Development	Project implementation status
			Joint Stock Company	Project start date and Project Location
				Baseline Scenario
				Baseline Identification and Additionality
				Qualification and Training
				Monitoring and reporting documentation
				Quality assurance management and operating system
				Social and environmental impacts
				Local Stakeholders meeting process
				Compliance with relevant laws
				Roles and responsibility



2	21/05/2023	Nguyen Thi Bich Nhi Tran Thi Thans Tran The Cuong Phan Thi Hong Van	Women's Union	Information on distribution agreement Methods of Grievance collection and redressal of grievances
3	21/05/2023	Nguyen Thi Hong Loan Hang Minh Huong Ha Thi Doa	Local Stakeholder Consultation	Baseline identification Procedure of feedback Procedure pf grievance submission and grievance redressal
4	21/05/2023	Hoang Thi Loan Ha Thi He Hoang Thi Doc Chao Ta May Tran Thi Nu Naguyen Thi Sinh Hoang Thi Nga Bac Thi Giang Hong Thi Tam Nong Thi Aon Aang Thi Tien	Household	Verification of baseline surveys, cross check of a sample of project participants' samples (Questionnaire, operation surveys/interviews).

2.4 Site Visits

Carbon Check has conducted an on-site inspection on 21/05/2023:

Validation Audit involves following:

o An assessment of the implementation and operation of the proposed grouped project through interviews with the representatives of project proponent.



- Confirmation of the pre-project scenario
- Confirmation of the applicability of the methodology and monitoring and controlling instruments and operational arrangements.
- Assessment of the project boundaries
- Assessment of the monitoring provisions by checking the monitoring arrangement

Sampling Approach:

PP has done baseline survey/08/ using 90/10 as confidence/precision. This is in line with the applied methodology /B02/ section 5.3 has the details included. The sample size for each parameter is determined following guidelines for Sampling and Surveys for CDM Project activities and Programme of Activities Ver. 4.0 (EB86, Annex 4) /B05/. PP has surveyed 335 households. This is deemed appropriate to the validation team.

In line with paragraph 26 of the Sampling Standard, the validation team has applied acceptance sampling approach through remote interviews on the baseline survey as part of validation. The project participant had applied sampling approach to determine the baseline, a representative baseline survey/08/ was conducted by the representatives of Project participant. The validation team has chosen acceptance sampling in accordance with paragraph 28 of the sampling standard /B05/.

Applying paragraph 39 (c) of the sampling standard, version 09 /B05/, a sample size of 11 households was chosen (with no discrepant records). A sample size of 11 was determined, based on an AQL of 0.5% and UQL of 20%; producer risk and consumer risk of 10 % each in determining the DOE's sample size Acceptance number (c) thus determined for the sample is 0. However, VVB interviewed 11 households from the baseline survey done by project participants.

The information provided in the baseline survey /08/, has been cross-checked during the on-site inspection. As a part of acceptance sampling, the Validation team could confirm the baseline survey data /08/ with no discrepant records. Thus, PP's set of records has been accepted in line with § 33 of the CDM Standard Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities, version 09 /B05/

2.5 Resolution of Findings

This section summarizes the findings from the validation of the grouped project activity. In this section the findings from the document review, assessments and interviews are provided.

Material discrepancies identified in the course of the validation are addressed either as CARs, CLs or FARs.

Corrective action requests (CARs) are issued, where:

- i. Mistakes have been made with a direct influence on project results requiring adjustment of the VERs/VCUs monitoring report.
- ii. Applicable methodological specific requirements have not been met.



A Clarification request (CL) may be used where additional information is needed to fully clarify an issue or where the information is not transparent enough to establish whether a requirement is met.

A total 20 CAR, and 08 CLs had been raised and successfully closed. Please refer to Appendix 2 of the report for the details of the CARs/CLs and their closure.

2.5.1 Forward Action Requests

No FARs are raised.

3 VALIDATION FINDINGS

3.1 Project Details

ltem	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion		
Audit history	21-May-2023 (onsite visit date)		
Sectoral scope	As per UNFCCC /B08/ this grouped project activity falls under Type II – Energy Efficiency Improvement Projects with Sectoral Scope 03 – Energy Demand.		
AFOLU project category, if applicable	Not Applicable as the project is non-AFOLU activity		
Project activity type	Type III Other projects activities not included in Type I or		
	Type II that result in GHG emission reductions not exceeding		
	$60,000\ tCO_2$ e per year in any year of the crediting period		
General eligibility of the project to participate in the VCS Program	As per the review of the section 1.4.1 of the PD /01/ the grouped project involves distribution of safe drinking water purifiers which is not in the excluded list of projects, as per the table 1, section 2.1.3, of the VCS standard v4.5.		
	The grouped project was listed on the VERRA registry on the date 08/03/2023 and onsite visit was conducted on 21/05/2023. The grouped project is fulfilling the listing and pipeline requirements according to the VCS standard v4.5.		



			ed, AMS III.AV v8.0 is eligible crosschecked from the VERRA
			activity listed under the VERRA of any larger project.
AFOLU project eligibility, if applicable	Not Applicable	as the project is ı	non-AFOLU activity.
Transfer project eligibility, if applicable	Not applicable seeking registr		not a transfer project or CPAs
Project design	S.N Eligibility o criteria for the inclusion of new project activity instances 1. Meet the applicabi lity condition s set out in the methodo logy applied to the project	The project activity 1 will meet all applicability conditions listed in section 3.2 of PD.	Assessment by the validation team Safe drinking water purifier (SDWP) are planned to be distributed under this grouped project, there is no pre-existing distribution system for the SDWP. The outlet water quality meets the microbes defined in QCVN 6 1:2010/BYT /05/ for drinking waters as mentioned in the paragraph 4(b) of the approved methodology AMS III.AV Version 08/B02/. According to the manufacturer specifications the life span of the water purifier is 10 years/04/.Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new

 $^{^{1}\,\}underline{\text{https://verra.org/methodologies-main/\#vcs-methodologies}}$

² https://registry.verra.org/app/projectDetail/VCS/3835



			project activity instances under this group project
	Use the technolo gies or measure s specified in the project description	At this time and for project activity 1, no other project device type will be used, other than low greenhouse gas emitting technology.	PP has planned to distribute safe drinking water purifier (SDWP) for the 1st project activity, and no other type of technology will be used. This is deemed appropriate to the Validation team. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new project activity instances under this group project
	Apply the technolo gies or measure s in the same manner as specified in the project descripti on.	The project activity 1 will only apply the low greenhouse gas emitting technology in section 1.1 of PD.	The Validation team through document review and interviews analyzed that PP will be using SDWP under this grouped project. This has also been mentioned in the PD. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new project activity instances under this group project
	Are subject to the baseline scenario determin ed in the project descripti on for the specified project activity and geograp hic area.	The project activity 1 will be implemented in the households of Yen Bai Province in Viet Nam	The Validation team through document review and interviews analyzed that PP will distribute SDWP in the households of Yen Bai province of Viet Nam. This has also been mentioned in the PD. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new project activity instances under this group project
5.	Have characte ristics with respect to addition ality that are	The project activity 1 is eligible when the CME shall provide the confirmation that the SDWPs are distributed for	The validation team reviewed the documents and conducted PP interviews to establish how PP has demonstrated additionality in line with AMS III.AV (Version 08/B02/ section 5.2, which specifies "The



free to the additionality of a project consiste nt with Users shall at activity be the initial community demonstrated, according instance centers. The to the Methodological TOOL 01 "Tool for the s for the simple cost demonstration specified analysis has and been use to project assessment of additionality"/B04-1/, and activity demonstrate and the Methodological TOOL 21: "Demonstration geograp additionality hic of the project additionality of small-scale area. project activities" /B04-2/ activity described in Section 3.5 of As mentioned in section this PD 3.5.2 of the VCS PD, "As explained above, instances of the grouped project shall demonstrate additionality by Simple cost analysis, by demonstrating the eligibility criteria that installation of SDWPs are free of cost to users.". This has been cross verified with the confirmation letter by the PP /12/. Hence, this is in line with the paragraph 33 & 34 of Tool 01 v7. Furthermore, the project activity meets every condition of the applicable methodology AMS III.AV 08/**B02**/ Version applicability, provides free SDWP to end users, /12/ and generates all of its revenue through the sale of GHG credits, which is in line with the paragraph 10 (a) of TOOL 21 v13. mentioned in the section 5.2 in the methodology. As a result, the project qualifies for the positive list /B02/ and requirements for the new project activity instances in this group project were met. Conditio Each SDWP in The validation team reviewed a copy of the ns that project



avoid double counting of emission reductions.	activity instance is uniquely identifiable and not part of any other CDM registered project or CPA of other PoA. The SDWP will carry unique IDs comprised of the project instance number, SDWP number and household subscribed to each SDWP, such as WP2 - 001 - XXXXX where: -WP2 = Grouped project for water purifiers - Phase 2 001= Number of project instance XXXXX = continuous number of User from 00001 to 20,000 for each project instance	Evidence of SDWP unique Identification number /06/ which mentions the unique identification number for the SDWP that has been provided. Thus, avoiding any double counting. Hence, by the review of the Evidence of SDWP unique Identification number, /06/ VVB team confirms that, no double counting will be performed for the given grouped project.
7 Capacity Limit	The project activity 1 in Yen Bai satisfies the criteria. The emission reduction of the project activity 1 is 40,156 tCO ₂ /year <	The validation team reviewed the documents (VCS PD version 3 and ER sheet) and confirms that the estimated emission reduction by the project activity 1 is 40,156tCO ₂ /year.



			60,000	
			tCO ₂ /year.	
		Target group	The Project activity 1 in Yen Bai satisfies the criteria. Each household must sign in a beneficiary agreement to commit that they are using wood or fossil fuel for boiling water	Based on the on site visit, document review the validation team confirms that the end users are using wood fuel and fossil fuel for boiling water. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the (project activity 1) under this grouped project.
Project ownership	Sustainability Investment Promotion and Development Joint Stock Company (SIPCO) is the owner of the grouped project. SIPCO the Project Proponent (PP) which has ultimate operational management and ownership of the grouped project activity. This has been validated by the end user agreement to transfer all carbon credit rights to the PP /03/.			
Project start date	As per the VCS PD, the grouped project's start date is 19/02/2023, which will be the installation of the first SDWP. This is in line with § 3.8 of the VCS standard v4.5. /B01-1/			
Project crediting period	The crediting period of the grouped project start's from 19/02/2023 to 18/02/2033 (fixed 10 years). The project's crediting period start from the installation of first SDWP under the project activity, which is in line with the § 3.9.1 & 3.8 of the VCS Standard v4.5. /B01-1/			
Project scale	tCO2	2e which is ect activity	less than 300,0	d annual reductions of 40,156 00 tCO2e per year. Thus, this ject, which is in line with the § 4.5./B01-1/
Likelihood of achieving estimated GHG emission reduction or removals	Positive			
Technologies and measures implemented by the project activity or activities	(SD) can	WP) with a be used for	ceramic filter, it voor drinking witho	safe drinking water purifier will provide filtered water that ut boiling for the 1st project nnology will be used.



Implementation schedule of the project activity or activities	Based on the review of implementation schedule /14/ provided by the PP in the supporting document it is found that the implementation of the project activity is in line with the VCS standard v4.5. The start date of the project activity is 19/02/2023, which is also the distribution date for the first SDWP.
	Public comment period was open for one month from 20/03/2023 to 20/04/2023.
Project location	The project location is Socialist Republic of Viet Nam. The first project activity will be distributing the SDWP in the Yen Bai Province of Viet Nam.
Conditions prior to project initiation	The project activity's location is Socialist Republic of Viet Nam which encompasses the distribution and installation of SDWP. PP will distribute the SDWP that will reduce the quantity of non-renewable fuel as well as the emissions produced by wood burning used for boiling water to purify it. In the absence of this grouped project activity, the target population would have continued to use boiling as a method to purify water for drinking purposes, which would have ensured continuous use of non-renewable fuel wood.
Project compliance with applicable laws, statutes and	There are no mandatory law or requirement in Viet Nam to foster the dissemination of water purifiers.
other regulatory frameworks	 The distribution and implementation of water purifier is not subject to any environmental impact assessment in accordance with: 1. Viet Namese Environmental Protection Law 2005. ³ 2. Decree No. 21/2008/ND-CP dated 28 February 2008 on amending and supplementing a number of articles of the Government's Decree No. 80/2006/ND-CP of 9 August 2006 detailing and guiding the implementation of a number of articles of the Law on Environmental Protection. ⁴
	3. Decree No. 18/2015/ND-CP dated on 14 February 2015 prescribing environmental protection master plan,

 $^{^3\ \}underline{\text{https://haiduong.eregulations.org/media/Law\%20on\%20Enviroment.pdf}}$

⁴ https://binhdinh.eregulations.org/media/21 2008 ND-CP 77232.pdf



	strategic environmental assessment, environmental impact assessment and environmental protection plan. ⁵
Double counting and participation under other GHG programs	The grouped project is not registered in any other GHG program, this is confirmed by the review of the Declaration /10/ provided by the PP in the supporting document stating that the grouped project is only registered as standalone VCS project activity and not registered anywhere else seeking any type of GHG or environmental credit from any other program. Validation team also checked the web sources and observed that the grouped project is not registered in any other GHG program.
No double claiming with emissions trading programs or binding emission limits	On checking the web sources and other emission trading programs, the validation team found that the grouped project is not registered in any other emission trading program and only listed on the VERRA registry and is not claiming emission reduction in any other emission trading program.
No double claiming with other forms of environmental credit	On checking the web sources and other emission trading programs, the validation team found that the grouped project is not registered in any other emission trading program and only listed on the VERRA registry and is not claiming any type or amount of environmental credit.
Supply chain (Scope 3) emissions double claiming	On the review of section 1.17.3 of the PD /01/ the validation team found that the PP is a buyer/seller of a product whose emission footprint is changed by the project activities. In the appendix of the PD /01/ validation team found the screenshot of the webpage of the PPs website that has a public statement that says "Carbon credits may be issued through Verified Carbon Standard project ID 3835 for the greenhouse gas emission reductions or removals associated with Ecozen – 25 water purifiers, manufactured by Viet Charcoal Production Company Limited in Di Su Commune, My Hao District, Hung Yen Province, Vietnam, distributed by Sustainability Investment Promotion and Development Joint Stock Company (SIPCO) whose emissions footprint is changed by the project activities" which is inline with the VCS program requirement.

 $^{^{5}} https://thuvienphapluat.vn/van-ban/EN/Tai-nguyen-Moi-truong/Decree-No-18-2015-ND-CP-environmental-protection-planning-strategic-environmental-assessment/268489/tieng-anh.aspx$



Sustainable development contributions

The grouped project activity will contribute to the following sustainable development in host country:

1. Environmental sustainability:

- The grouped project will help significantly reduce greenhouse gas emissions over its lifetime.
- The grouped project will help reduce the use of nonrenewable biomass from forests, assisting the maintenance of existing forest stock, protecting natural forest eco-systems and wildlife habitats.
- The protection of standing forests will ensure the maintenance of watersheds that regulate water table levels and prevent flash flooding.

2. Social benefits:

- Purchasing or collecting firewood or fossil fuels to boil
 the water constitutes a significant expense for the
 very poorest households and communities. The
 grouped project will provide access to clean drinking
 water, which will reduce the cost for families and
 thereby improve attendance at school, increase
 productivity, and more generally give a sense of hope
 and opportunity.
- Micro-entrepreneurs: low greenhouse gas emitting water purification technologies offer scope for microentrepreneurs (Distributors/Installers), thereby creating jobs and supporting families.
- There is a direct incentive to ensure that the projects (instance) have a successful long term operation as this will ensure continued SDWP.
- Polluted indoor air due to open and uncontrolled combustion is a huge health concern. Low greenhouse gas emitting water disinfection technologies tackle this problem by reducing the combustion of wood/fossil fuels.
- The grouped project will alleviate the work burden of women and children as they have to spend less time to collect firewood for boiling water.

3. Economic benefits:

The project activity will help develop a section of Viet
 Nam rural economy through the installation and



	maintenance of SDWPs, as well as work related to monitoring of the CDM activity. The proposed grouped project will deliver a long term, secure and simple contribution to sustainable development in Viet Nam that would not exist without carbon finance.
Additional information relevant to the project	Section 1.19.1 of the PD/01/ stated that the grouped project will only distribute new WP, used WPs won't be used in, relevant leakage related to NRB will be as per AMS I.E v13.0. BE _y will be multiplied by the adjustment factor of 0.95 to account for leakages. The eligibility condition of the AMS I.E v13.0 is mentioned in the section 3.2 of the PD/01/ and the validation teams' assessment for the eligibility of the AMS I.E v13.0 is in the section 3.3.2 of this validation report. Based on the review of the section 1.19.2 of the PD/01/, no commercially sensitive information is excluded from the PD.

3.2 Safeguards and Stakeholder Engagement

3.2.1 Stakeholder Engagement and Consultation

3.2.1.1 Stakeholder Identification

ltem	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Stakeholder identification	In section 2.1.1 of the PD/01/, information on stakeholder identification is provided. A 3-step process has been mentioned to identify the stakeholders:
	Step 1: The first step is to identify the expected and unforeseen consequences of the project's activities. Once the outcomes are determined, the potential stakeholders affected by these impacts are identified.:
	Step 2: Following the holistic perspective on the overall benefits and co-benefits of the grouped project, stakeholder group identification is



carried out as each stage of project implementation. The examination for stakeholder identification per different stages are as follows:

- Project Initiation: stakeholders will include self-help groups such as
 Women Union or Youth Group who can assist the project initiator
 in understanding the project benefits and potential impediments,
 making ingress within the community...
- Project Development: At this step, stakeholders include government representatives, community development organisations, investors, NGOs working in defined groups, etc
- Project Implementation: End-users, implementing partners, stove manufacturers, training personnel. The PPs has signed contract with Provincial's women Union, this is an agency with all levels from central to local (village, hamlet), they are close the households and can know exactly these households who are using the traditional cookstove for boiling water and they can select the correct beneficiaries.
- Project monitoring (validation and verification): surveyors, database developers, end-users involved in project monitoring.

All of the stakeholders affected by grouped project activity identified in the step 2 by SIPCO.

Step 3: Select representatives from each stakeholder identified in step 2 as the final step of the identification process.

The final list of stakeholder includes end users, representative of Women Union, government authorities, local NGOs and business, local vendor, water purifier manufacturers. The full list of identified stakeholders has been provided to the VVB as a supportive document.

On assessment of the stakeholder identification, the validation team concludes that the information provided by the PP is in line with the para 3.18.1 of the VCS standard v4.5/B01/.

Legal or customary tenure/access rights

This section is not applicable as the grouped project activity distributes SDWPs to households and it will not involve any legal or customary tenure/access rights to territories and resources.

Stakeholder diversity and changes over time

Based on the review of the section 2.1.1 of the PD/01/ the validation team found the following impacts on the stakeholders:



Water purifier user: there has been an unquantifiable improvement in their health, livelihood, wellbeing, and income as per exchange during onsite survey. Women Union: No change in structure & functionality or any organization values. Local vender: Various local businesses supply wood in the project area. Project activity helps save wood in cooking so influence consumption of these products and could thus negatively affect vendor livelihoods. Manufacturer: More jobs for their employees in manufacturing, transportation and maintains WPs. Other governmental authority and NGOs: No change was observed in structure & functionality. PD has shown positive impacts by the project activity to the SDWP users and manufacturers, no impacts to the Women Union, NGOs and other governmental authorities were not impacted by the grouped project activity. Sales of local vendors selling wood in the area might be affected by the reduction in wood usage by the introduction of SDWP. All the information provided in the PD is inline with the para 3.18.1 VCS standard v4.5/B01/ Expected changes in According to the section 2.1.1 of the PD/01/ the changes in the wellwell-being being are The grouped project activity is contributing to the reduction in GHG emission due to reduction in use of non-renewable biomass and it can ensure natural recovery of forests and/or reforestation. Community health issues such as chronic lung diseases, acute respiratory infections, cataracts, blindness, and adverse effects on pregnancy are decreasing due to improvemen of indoor air quality. The grouped project activity also help to prevent illness related to digestive system such as diarrhea, cholera, dysentery, typhoid fever from drinking contaminated water The introduction of locally manufactured technology with improved energy efficiency helps in technological self-reliance in the area The information provided in the PD for expected changes is appropriate with respect to para 3.18.1 VCS standard v4.5/B01/. Location Based on the review of the PD/01/ the location of all the stakeholder stakeholders is Viet Nam.



Based on the review of the PD/01/ there is no change in the location of the resources, information is provided by the PP in the section appropriately and in line with the para 3.18.1 VCS standard v4.5 - WP user: they still freely access to local forest around their household to collect wood fuel. - Local vender: They still can supply wood in the project area. - Women Union and local NGOs and government: They have no change in structure & functionality, they are still operating in Vietnam and access to the same resources

3.2.1.2 Stakeholder Consultation and Ongoing Communication

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Stakeholder engagement process	The stakeholder consultation meeting was held on 20/04/2023 at Duy Tan 2 Hotel, No.46 Tran Quang Khai Street, Hue City, Thua Thien Hue Province, Viet Nam.
	The validation team confirms on the procedure and method for engagement, method for documenting the outcomes of local stakeholders' consultation and account of all inputs received. The validation team confirms that the project proponent has taken due account of all input (no negative comments were received for the project). Hence the validation team deemed the local stakeholders meeting procedure including the inputs received as appropriate.
Consultation outcome	The key comments made by the local stakeholders were all answered during the local stakeholder consultation meetings and have also been provided in the section of 2.2 the PD/01/. The stakeholder meeting conducted by the PP have been listed in the section 2.2 of the PD/01/ summary of the local stakeholder participation has been provided. The local stakeholder consultation meetings with the list of participants have been provided to the validation team /07/.
Ongoing communication	Women union will provide detailed information about the issues regarding the use of water purifier, they will conduct meetings with the households in various regions to collect feedback regarding the SDWP. In case of any grievances, if required a meeting will be held by women union, as early as possible, depending upon the situation to discuss



	any solutions. For all such meetings women union will give advance invitation to users will be given along with a public notice in the local village office. SIPCO will engage with various stakeholders through annual reports, records and SIPCO's social media communication. Stakeholders can communicate via phone call (+84) 243 519 0955 or email info@carbonvietnam.com to communicate their grievances.
Stakeholder input	No negative comments were received during the consultation. Details of local stakeholder consultation/07/ are provided in the supporting documents.

3.2.1.3 Free, Prior, and Informed Consent

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Obtaining consent	The beneficiaries of the SDWPs are free to choose to be part of the program or not. Prior and informed consent is taken before the installation of the SDWP. Agreements with the beneficiaries is also provided in the supporting document/12/.
Outcome of FPIC discussion	The grouped project involves distribution of SDWP, no land has been encroached and no one got relocated. Documents for proof of right to VERs /03/ and evidence to show the free distribution of SDWP/12/ is provided in the supporting documents.

3.2.1.4 Grievance Redress Procedure

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Development process	In section 2.1.4 of the PD/01/ the information on the grievance redress procedure is provided. The procedure is in line with the para 3.18.4 of the VCS standard v4.5 /B01/.
Grievance redress procedure	Based on the review of the Grievance redress process will be made available on the website of the PP.



3.2.1.5 Public Comments

The public commenting period for the grouped project was from 22/03/2023 to 21/04/2023. No public comments were received for the grouped project.

Comments received	Actions taken by the project proponent	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
NA	NA	NA

3.2.2 Respect for Human Rights and Equity

3.2.2.1 Labor and Work

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Discrimination and sexual harassment	PP has provided information on inclusion of equal number of women and members of other underrepresented groups get opportunity to work with the grouped project.
Management experience	PP has mentioned the policies related to management in the section 2.3.1 of the PD/01/.
Gender equity in labor and work	PP has mentioned in the section 2.3.1 about the gender equality, equal opportunity for women to apply in the grouped project, encouraging women to learn new skill and providing more opportunity to women through self-help groups and NGOs.
Human trafficking, forced labor, and child labor	Policies against the human trafficking, forced labor and child labor has been mentioned in the section 2.3.1 of the PD/01/.

3.2.2.2 Human Rights

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Human rights	Employment contracts/15/ for labours has been provided in the supporting document that shows the compliance with the labour laws.



3.2.2.3 Indigenous Peoples and Cultural Heritage

The grouped project activity is a SDWP distribution to individual households and does not involve any indigenous peoples and cultural heritage.

ltem	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Preservation	NA
and protection of	
cultural heritage	

3.2.2.4 Property Rights

The grouped project activity is a SDWP distribution to individual households and does not involve any property rights removal or relocation of property right holders.

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Rights to territories and resources	NA
Respect for property rights	NA

3.2.2.5 Benefit Sharing

The section is not applicable

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Process used to design the benefit sharing plan	NA



Summary of the benefit sharing plan	NA
Approval and dissemination of benefit sharing plan	NA

3.2.3 Risks to Local Stakeholders and the Environment

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Risks to stakeholder participation	No risk is identified for stakeholder participation, according to the PD/01/ there is no negative impact or trade off to the beneficiaries and can be conformed by the evidence to show free SDWP distribution /12/.
Working conditions	No risk is identified, the working condition for employees are provided in the employment contract /15/.
Safety of women and girls	No risk is identified. With the grouped project activity time consumed in household works is reduced related to the collection of firewood and can be used to learn new skills.
Safety of minority and marginalized groups, including children	No risk identified. The PD/01/ includes information on human rights and anti-discrimination policies.
Pollutants (air, noise, discharges to water, generation of waste, release of hazardous materials)	No risk identified. The grouped project activity involves SDWP distribution that will reduce fuelwood consumption and lead emission reduction.



3.2.4 Ecosystem Health

ltem	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Impacts on biodiversity and ecosystems	As per the PD/O1/ the grouped project activity will reduce the fuel wood consumption in the area and will lead to reduction in deforestation rates in the area. Hence, there is no negative impact on the biodiversity and ecosystem.
Soil degradation and soil erosion	The grouped project activity is distributing SDWP and the PD/O1/ states that the grouped project will reduce the fuelwood consumption and reduce deforestation, so the grouped project activity will not lead to any negative impacts on the soil quality of the area.
Water consumption and stress	Based on the review of the PD/01/ the grouped project involves SDWP distribution and will not affect water consumption in the area.
Usage of fertilizers	Based on the review of the PD/01/ the grouped project activity involves SDWP distribution and does not involve use or distribution of any type of fertilizer.

3.2.4.1 Rare, Threatened, and Endangered species

Grouped project is not located adjacent to habits of rare, threatened or endangered species.

Item	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
Species and habitat	NA

3.2.4.2 Introduction of Species

The grouped project is a SDWP distribution activity and does not involve introducing new species.

Species introduced	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
NA	NA



Existing invasive species	Evidence gathering activities, evidence checked, and assessment conclusion
NA	NA

3.2.4.3 Ecosystem conversion

The grouped project is a SDWP distribution and does not involve ecosystem conversion.

ltem	Evidence gathering activities and evidence checked
Ecosystem conversion	NA

3.3 Application of Methodology

3.3.1 Title and Reference

The Grouped Project provides for projects that use one of the CDM approved methodologies:

AMS III.A.V: "Low greenhouse gas emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08.0 /B02/

The associated tools and guideline documents in the Grouped Project include:

- AMS-I.E.: "Switch from non-renewable biomass for thermal applications by the user", version 13.0
 /B03/
- Standard for "Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programme of activities", version 09.0/B05-1/
- CDM Guideline "Sampling and surveys of CDM project activities and programmes of activities" version 04.0 /B05-2/
- TOOL01 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality", version 07.0. /B04-1/
- TOOL 21 "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities" (Version 13.1) /B04 2/
- TOOL30: Calculation of the fraction of non-renewable biomass, version 04.0 /B06/

3.3.2 Applicability

For each of the applied methodology's applicability conditions, describe the steps taken to assess conformance of the grouped project with the applicability condition. Provide a conclusion with respect to each applicability condition.

Similarly, where the applied methodology provides the grouped project with a number of tools or modules to choose from, describe the steps taken to assess that the appropriate tool or module has been selected. Provide a conclusion with respect to each selected tool or module.

Provide an overall conclusion regarding the applicability of the methodology, and any tools or modules selected by the project proponent.



Methodology ID	Applicability condition	Assessment and conclusion
AMS III.AV	This methodology comprises introduction of low greenhouse gas emitting water purification systems to provide safe drinking water (SDWP). Water purification technologies that involve point-of use (POU) or point-ofentry (POE)treatment systems for residential or institutional applications such as systems installed at a schoolschool, or a community centrecenter are included. The examples include, but are not limited to, water filters (e.g. membrane, activated carbon, ceramic filters), solar energy powered ultraviolet (UV) disinfection devices, solar disinfection techniques, photocatalytic disinfection equipment, pasteurization appliances, chemical disinfection methods (eg. chlorination), combined treatment approaches (eg. Flocculation plus disinfection). The methodology is also applicable to water kiosks that treat water using one or more of the following disinfection. In case the water kiosk is using solar disinfection powders and solar implement measures to prevent recontamination (e.g.	The Validation team through documents review /04/, /05/ &/10/ and interviews with PP confirmed that the SDWP will be distributed in the households thereby confirming the methodology applicability condition of the applied CDM methodology /B03/.



	disinfecting containers, sealing containers and hygiene trainings).	
AMS III.AV	Soil filtration schemes (boreholes, wells) that include container disinfection (e.g. chlorination) may be applied. Project proponents shall demonstrate ex ante that rehabilitation and/or construction of the wells complies with relevant national and/or international standards and that measures are taken to ensure that water and well are not contaminated.	This is not applicable for this proposed grouped project, as the grouped project does not include soil filtration schemes (boreholes, wells) that include container disinfection (e.g. chlorination) in the grouped project and is distributing .SDWP that uses ceramic filters as mentioned in the technical specifications /04/.
AMS III.AV	Prior to the implementation of the project activity, a public distribution network supplying SDWP) to the project boundary does not exist.	The Validation team through document review and PP interviews confirmed that there are no existing distribution network present this information is confirmed by review of SDWP Distribution agreement/13/.
AMS III.AV	It shall be demonstrated based on laboratory testing or official notifications (for example notifications from the national authority on health) that the application of the project technology/equipment achieves compliance either with: (i) the "interim" performance target as per "Evaluating household water treatment options: Health based targets and microbiological performance	The validation team reviewed the Microbiological test report/05/ that states that PP has conducted the test. This is deemed appropriate to the Validation team. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new project activity instances under this grouped project.



	specifications" (WHO, 2011); and "International Scheme to Evaluate Household Water Treatment Technologies" (WHO, 2014) or (ii) an applicable national standard or guideline. Applicable national standard should be based on laboratory efficacy testing that, at a minimum, includes quantitative microbial measures of preand post-treatment challenge waters6 that are representative of potential drinking water sources, and that includes measured reductions based on at least one pathogen class (bacteria, viruses, protozoa).	
AMS III.AV	In cases where the life span of the water treatment technologies is shorter than the crediting period of the project activity, there shall be documented measures in place to ensure that end users have access to replacement purification systems of comparable quality.	The validation team reviewed the Manufacturers specification/04/ that states that the lifespan of the SDWP is 10 years, the same as the crediting period. This is deemed appropriate to the Validation team. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new project activity instances under this grouped project.
AMS III.AV	It should be demonstrated that the project appliances use technologies that meet the technology standards as per paragraph 4(b) of approved methodology AMS-III.AV Version 08, and that	The validation team reviewed the Microbiological test report/05/ that states that PP has conducted the test. This is deemed appropriate for the Validation team. Thus, the eligibility criteria have



	they deliver microbiologically safe drinking water.	been met for the new project activity instances under this grouped project.
AMS III.AV	The use of this methodology in a project of activity under a Grouped project is legitimate if the leakage is estimated and accounted for as per the relevant provisions of AMS-I. E under the section for grouped project.	According to the methodology AMS III.AV Version 08/B02/leakage is assessed as per the procedures of AMS-I. E version 13.0, /B03/ which is "By is multiplied by a net to gross adjustment factor of 0.95 to account for leakages, in which case surveys are not required." This is deemed appropriate to the Validation team. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new project activity instances under this grouped project.
TOOLO1 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality".	The use of the "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" is not mandatory for project participants when proposing new methodologies. Project participants may propose alternative methods to demonstrate additionality for consideration by the Executive Board. They may also submit revisions to approved methodologies using the additionality tool.	On the basis of document review, the verification team confirms that the grouped project is not introducing a new methodology. Hence this tool is applicable to the project activity.
TOOLO1 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality".	Once the additionally tool is included in an approved methodology, its application by project participants using this methodology is mandatory.	The grouped project is implementing AMS-III.AV version 8, which uses tool 1 for assessing the additionality of the grouped project. Hence, this tool is applicable



		to this project activity under this grouped project.
TOOL 21 - "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities	The use of the methodological tool "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale Project activities" is not mandatory for project participants when proposing new methodologies. Project participants and coordinating/managing entities may propose alternative methods to demonstrate additionality for consideration by the Executive Board.	On the basis of document review, the verification team confirms that the grouped project is not introducing a new methodology. Hence this tool is applicable to the project activity.
TOOL 21 - "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities	Project participants and coordinating/managing entities may also apply "TOOL19: Demonstration of additionality of microscale project activities" as applicable.	On the basis of document review, the verification team confirms that the grouped project is small scale, so this tool is not applicable to the project activity under this grouped project
TOOL30: Calculation of the fraction of non-renewable biomass	This tool may be used by: (a) DNAs to submit region/country-specific default f NRB values, following the procedures for development, revision, clarification and update of standardized baselines (SB procedures); or (b) Project proponents to calculate project or PoAspecific f NRB values.	On the basis of the document review the verification team confirms that the project uses Tool 30 to calculate project specific value of $f_{\rm NRB}$ in line with the option (b) of the applicability condition 1 of tool 30. It was cross checked by the validation team on the basis of review of the $f_{\rm NRB}$ report prepared by C4



		Ecosolutions (Pty) Ltd, submitted to VVB by PP. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the new (project activity 1) under this group project
TOOL30: Calculation of the fraction of non-renewable biomass	For project or PoA specific f_{NRB} values, project proponents shall assess the area where biomass is sourced and justify the selection of the area in CDM project design documents.	On the basis of document review the verification team confirms that the are where the biomass is sourced is described by the PP and the same is reviewed from the f_{NRB} report submitted by the PP.
		Hence, the eligibility criteria have been met for the project activity 1
AMS-I.E.: "Switch from non-renewable biomass for thermal applications by the user".	The use of this methodology in a project of activity under a grouped project is legitimate if the leakage is estimated and accounted for as per the relevant provisions of AMS I.E under the section for grouped project.	On the basis of document review the verification team observed, leakage is assessed as per the procedures of AMS-I. E version 13.0, /B03/ which is "By is multiplied by a net to gross adjustment factor of 0.95 to account for leakages, in which case surveys are not required."
		the Validation team. Thus, the eligibility criteria have been met for the project activity instance under this grouped project.
Guidelines for sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programs of activities	This document describes common types of sampling approaches and includes a recommended outline for a	On the basis of the document review, the verification team observed that the Project activity is using



sampling plan, recommended practices unbiased for estimates of sampled parameters and recommended evaluation criteria for designated operational entity (DOE) validation besides several best practice examples covering large and small scale project activities and PoAs. lt also provides examples for checking

representative sampling to monitor parameters "N_{y,i,j} and B_y". Hence the guideline is applicable to the project activity instance.

Guidelines for sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programs of activities Furthermore, it covers the following items:

through

of

data

sample

reliability

the

collected

surveys

- (a) Methods, if any, to deal with missed reliability targets without compromising conservative estimates for emission reduction
- (b) Best-practice examples for DOE validation/verification for sampling and surveys.

On the basis of the document review, the verification team observed that the Project activity is using The single sampling plan covering a grouped project is undertaken applying 95/10 confidence/precision for the sample size calculation.

Hence the guideline is applicable to the grouped project.

Standard Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programs of activities v09

This document specifies the reliability requirements and describes appropriate sampling methods and what is expected to be provided in a sampling plan. The general requirements shall be applicable to both small-scale and large-scale CDM project activities and PoAs, with any requirements specified in the

On the basis of the document review, the verification team observed that the Project activity is using representative sampling for monitoring Py, check the SDW public distribution network, m and water quality.

Hence, the standard is applicable to the project activity.



applied methodologies taking precedence. This document also provides sampling-related requirements pertaining to validation and verification, including the sampling approach to be undertaken by the validating/verifying DOEs.

3.3.3 Project Boundary

The project boundary is accurately established in the VCS PD/01/ and follows the applied methodology/B02/, /B03/. The Grouped Project boundary is defined as per the methodology AMS-III.AV (Version 08.0) The sources of greenhouse gas identified in the PD/01/ are deemed to be appropriate and assessed below:

The project boundary for the grouped Project consists of the physical, geographical locations of the distributed SDWP limited to within the Viet Nam.

3.3.4 Baseline Scenario

The grouped project activity uses methodology AMS-III.AV (Version 08.0)/B02/. This methodology is the most recent version of the UNFCCC CDM methodology at the time of validation. According to the methodology "The emissions are calculated based on the energy demand for boiling water". Baseline described in the PD complies with the methodology. Validation team based on review of the VCS PD /01/confirms that the documentary evidence i.e. baseline survey conducted in Yen Bai province of Viet Nam /08/ used in determining the above baseline scenarios are relevant, and correctly quoted and interpreted in the project description. The baseline scenario for the applied methodology /B02/ was also confirmed through interviews with the end users of technologies and representatives of PP. The validation team confirms that the baseline scenario opted by the project activity is in accordance with the requirements of the applied methodology /B02/ and is justified.

3.3.5 Additionality

PP has used AMS III.AV (Version 08.0) as the methodology for the grouped project, according to the methodology "the additionality of a project activity shall be demonstrated, according to the Methodological TOOL 01 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" or Methodological TOOL 21: "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities".

In accordance with the rules and requirements regarding regulatory surplus set out in the latest version of the VCS Standard and it can be confirmed that the grouped project is not mandated by any law, statute, or other regulatory framework, or for UNFCCC non-Annex I countries, any systematically enforced law, statute or other regulatory framework. The grouped project demonstrates the existence of an Investment



Barrier. Procuring, installing SDWPs requires capital, which is a barrier to the end user of the Project due to difficulties in accessing capital, a wide dissemination of such technology in the Host Country is unlikely. The actions under the Grouped project will alleviate these barriers by distributed free SDWPs to households. Furthermore, the project activity 1 and the grouped project meets all the applicability conditions of the applied methodology AMS-III.AV: Version 08 and distributes SDWP at zero cost to the end-users and has no other source of revenue other than the sale of GHG credits. Hence, in line with paragraph 33 and 34 TOOLO1 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality", the project faces an investment barrier and is additional. Validation team confirms that simple cost analysis is deemed acceptable on the basis of review of the above-mentioned tools, monitoring report and the equipment contract as documentary evidence to show the cost of SDWPs /21/. The conclusion of the simple cost analysis is that there is a cost of SDWPs and their distribution (free of cost), and the grouped project activity could not be done without the revenues generated by the sales of GHG credits, The end users also require capital to procure SDWP and it is unlikely that there will be a SDWP dissemination program in the host country, to overcome these financial barriers revenue generated from GHG credits are essential for the project activity 1 to occur. Therefore, the validation team confirms that the project activity 1 and the grouped project is additional, and all the project activity instances that will be included in the grouped project will meet the eligibility criteria. Distribution of Safe drinking water purifiers in Viet Nam is additional - the emission reductions achieved by the project would be below those that would have occurred without the implementation of the project.

The additionality has also been included in the eligibility criteria in the PD. Each project activity instance shall meet the requirements of eligibility criteria in order to be included in the grouped project.

3.3.6 Quantification of GHG Emission Reductions and Carbon Dioxide Removals

Quantification of baseline emissions

As per the applied CDM small scale methodology AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08 §5.3 equation 01 /B02/ emissions are calculated based on the energy demand for boiling water, and in case of displacement of NRB the baseline emissions are corrected for the fraction of the biomass that can be demonstrated to be non-renewable. Only purified water consumed for drinking purposes can be used in the baseline calculation.

Quantification of project emissions

As per the applied CDM small scale methodology AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08 §5.5 /B02/ If the operation of the project water purification system involves consumption of fossil fuels and/or electricity, CO_2 emissions from on-site consumption of fossil fuels and electricity due to the grouped project activity shall be accounted for as project emissions. According to the PD § 4.2/01/ the SDWP does not operate on electricity or fossil fuel, hence, there are no emissions from implementation of project implementation.

Quantification of leakage



As per the applied CDM small scale methodology AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08 §5.4/B02/ where relevant leakage relating to the non-renewable woody biomass shall be assessed as per the relevant procedures of AMS-I.E. §5.5/B02/ By is multiplied by a net to gross adjustment factor of 0.95 to account for leakages, in which case surveys are not required.

Summary of net GHG emission reductions or removals

As per the applied CDM small scale methodology AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08 equation 1, /B02/

 $BEy=QPWy\times m\times Xboil\times SEC\times \Sigma (BLfuel,i\times fi\times EFprojected_fossil\ fuel,i\times 10-9)$

Where:

BEy = Baseline emissions during the year y in (t CO2e)

QPWy = Total quantity of water purified by the project in year y (L)

m = Fraction of functional appliances that are providing the SDW (%). Only project appliances that (i) use technologies that meet the technology standards as per paragraph 4(b) and (ii) are operating or replaced by an equivalent in service appliance and (iii) deliver microbiologically safe drinking water, are counted for emission reductions

Xboil = Fraction of the population served by the project activity for which the common practice of water treatment is or would have been water boiling. It is determined ex ante through surveys

SEC = Specific energy consumption required to boil one litre of water (kJ/L), to be calculated according to paragraphs below

BLfuel, = Proportions of baseline fuel type i (NRB and/or fossil fuels) used in the absence of the project activity (fraction)

fi = Fraction of non-renewable fuel type i used in the absence of the project activity in year y. For biomass, it is the fraction of woody biomass that can be established as non-renewable biomass (fNRB). If the baseline fuel is fossil fuel, the value to be applied is 1

EFprojected_fossilfuel, = Emission factor of the fuel type i substituted (t CO2/TJ)

The following parameters are determined ex-ante and mentioned in section 5.1 of the PD

S.no	Parameter	Unit	Value	Assessment
1	QPW_{pp}	Litres	5.04	Fixed ex-ante
				Calculated based on survey Records
2	LS	Years	10	Fixed ex-ante
				Manufacturer's Specification
3	n _{wb}	%	10.9%	Fixed ex-ante



				From data/parameter table 3, section 5.8 of the CDM approved small scale methodology AMS III. A.V. Version 08 /B02/
4	BL _{fuel,i}	Fraction	BL _{Fuel,NRB} : 0.9821	Fixed ex-ante
			BL _{Fuel,NRB} : 0.0179	Survey records, the baseline survey establish
				that 98.21% of the population uses NRB, and
				1.79% uses fossil fuel to boil water in the
				absence of the project activity.
5.	fi	Fraction	f _{nrb} : 0.8813	Fixed ex-ante
			f _{nrb} : 1	Survey records
				Methodology AMS –III.AV (Version
				08.0), /B02/
6.	EFprojected_fossil fuel	tCO ₂ /TJ	EF _{nrb} : 85.7	Fixed ex-ante
			EF _{nrb} : 63.1	AMS - III.AV, Version 08.0/B02/
				IPCC, chapter 2, table 2.2
7	X _{boil}	%	100%	Fixed ex-ante
				Survey

Assessment of fNRB

PP has contracted an independent party "C4EcoSolutions (Pty) Limited" /09/ for a study and calculation of fNRB as per CDM Methodological Tool: "Calculation of fraction of non-renewable biomass" (v04.0).

PP has contracted an independent party "C4Ecosolutions" for a study and calculation of fNRB as per CDM Methodological Tool: "Calculation of fraction of non- renewable biomass" (v04.0). Validation team confirms that it has checked fNRB calculation spread sheet /09/ prepared by C4Ecosolutions. As per the applied methodological tool, In the case of ex ante calculation of fNRB, the parameter fNRB shall be estimated using the most recent historical year for which data is available. Review of fNRB report /09/ prepared by C4 Eco Solution (Pty) Limited revealed that all the data used for the calculation is latest available data at the time of validation, 21/05/2023.

Review of fNRB calculation spread sheet /09/ prepared by C4Ecosolutions reveals that total woody biomass consumption in a country comprises its domestic, non-domestic energy and non-domestic non-energy consumption.

Domestic woody biomass consumption is estimated by multiplying the 2020 per capita consumption rates for wood fuel—determined by dividing the 2020 consumption from the UN Data with the 2020 population—with Viet Nam's total population in 2021. This approach accounts for non-users as the consumption rate of wood fuel is estimated by dividing the total consumption of wood fuel in 2020 by the total population in 2020. Accordingly, the total domestic woody biomass consumption is conservatively estimated to be 5,415,879 t/yr.

The non-domestic woody biomass consumption is estimated using 2020 per capita consumption rates determined from UN Data and disregards the deforestation likely occurring because of the conversion of land for agricultural use and informal or illegal harvesting, as available data for these activities are scarce. Non-domestic energy consumption is reported as the quantity of fuelwood for transformation in charcoal plants, and non-domestic non-energy consumption is reported as the quantity of wood used for



manufacturing, construction and the non-fuel industry and wood used for agriculture, forestry and fishing. The per capita consumption rates were multiplied by the national 2021 Viet Namese population for each consumption category and the required units' conversions completed. Viet Nam's non-domestic energy and non-domestic non-energy consumption values are estimated to be 1,901,809 t/yr and 29,335,601 t/year, respectively. Viet Nam's total woody biomass consumption is the sum of domestic, non-domestic, non-energy and non-domestic energy consumption, estimated to be 36,653,289 t/yr. The total woody biomass consumption for Viet Nam is as per the third party f NRB report and calculation sheet f /09/prepared by C4 Eco Solution (Pty) Limited is calculated as per the equation 3 of tool 30 v04, f /B04/ thus, it is deemed appropriate to the VVB.

In Viet Nam there are seven ecological zone has been found and the same was verified by referring the Global ecological zones for FAO forest reporting: 2010 Update. The resulting average mean annual increment (MAI) estimates for Viet Nam are 0.85, 0.52, 1.29, 0.84, 0.27, 1.31 & 1.21 t/ha/year for the subtropical humid forest, subtropical mountain system, tropical dry forest, tropical moist forest, tropical mountain system, tropical rainforest and tropical shrubland respectively. Table below provides the validated total, protected and remote forest cover extent, mean annual increment and renewable biomass by ecological zone for Viet Nam.

Ecological Zone	Total forest cover (ha)	Protected area cover (ha)	Remote area cover (ha)	MAI(t/ha/yr)	Annual growth (t/yr)
Subtropical humid forest	449,647	13,536	112,574	0.85	274,021
Subtropical mountain system	74,563	327	16,967	0.52	29,494
Tropical dry system	428,482	61,861	131,524	1.29	304,114
Tropical moist system	5,105,505	1,236,174	1,373,969	0.84	2,096,596
Tropical Mountain system	1,807,758	224,585	786,494	0.27	211,188
Tropical rainforest	3,179,349	501,257	1,598,386	1.31	1,413,108
Tropical shrubland	172,131	28,234	84,494	1.12	66,711
Total	11,217,436	2,065,975	4,104,408		4,395,232

The quantity of renewable biomass (RB) for Viet Nam as per the verified f NRB report and calculation sheet /09/ is estimated to be 4,395,232 t/yr. The calculation is based on the equation -04 of tool 30 v04. /B04/, checked and deemed appropriate by the VVB.

The difference between woody biomass consumption and renewable biomass is considered to be non-renewable. Non-renewable biomass utilisation in Viet Nam is, therefore, validated as 32,258,057t/yr. The fraction of non-renewable biomass is the quotient of the non-renewable and the total biomass. The fraction of non-renewable biomass for Viet Nam is, therefore, validated as 0.88. From the review of this report/spread sheet /09/ and interviews with the CME and C4 EcoSolutions (Pty) Ltd, validation team confirms the following:



The report has been prepared by an independent party (i.e., C4 EcoSolutions (Pty) Ltd.), who is experienced in conducting such study.

The detailed methodology (including the calculation) of conducting the study has been provided in the report /spread sheet /09/.

The study has been done in accordance with the CDM Methodological Tool: "Calculation of fraction of non-renewable biomass" (v4.0) /B06/ including the equitation used and the data source as required by the tool.

All the reference and data source used for the calculation/study has been listed and assessed by the VVB

The resulting non-renewable biomass (NRB) was compared to the top-down product of average above-ground biomass (62.71 t/ha) and the most recent annual deforestation data (207,461 ha/yr). NRB, as calculated in this report according to the CDM Tool 30 v4.0 2022, was found to be 32,258,057t/yr, which is greater than the cross-check results based on deforestation (13,009,879 t/yr). It is expected that the cross-check estimate of biomass loss from deforestation could underestimate the extent of non-renewable biomass as it only considers the average biomass stocks from completely deforested areas. Unsustainable wood harvesting resulting in forest degradation and substantial reductions in biomass stocks, but not complete deforestation is not considered in the cross-check. Consequently, the estimate of NRB is considered applicable for this study given that the guidance provided by CDM Tool 30 v4.0 /B06/ was followed.

The fraction of non-renewable biomass is the quotient of the non-renewable and the total biomass (Equation 1 of the tool 30). The fraction of non-renewable biomass for Viet Nam is, therefore, estimated to be 0.88; checked and confirmed by the VVB.

In line with §6 of tool 30 v4 /B04/,fNRB value has been compared with the peer reviewed literature such as "The carbon footprint of traditional wood fuels" by Bailis and colleagues using the WISDOM method". It has also been observed by the VVB that the resulting value is higher than the expected as per the cited peer reviewed literature. While direct comparisons between the WISDOM and CDM methodologies are only sometimes appropriate, given the different approaches of the methodologies, the following factors can contribute to variations in the fNRB estimates between the two methods:/09/

- More recent population statistics (2021) for Viet Nam were used in the present study. The more
 recent data represents an increase in population numbers since the 2009 data utilised in the
 study by Bailis and colleagues.
- 2. Updated 2019 FAO forest products statistics were used in the present study, whereas the study conducted by Bailis and colleagues used 2013 FAO forest products statistics.
- 3. The approach used to determine the amount of forest that is accessible yields lower estimates in the present study when compared to the study by Bailis and colleagues. This results in a lower estimated RB and consequently increased NRB and fNRB.
- 4. In the present study, MAIs were calculated using a weighted average based on the forest area of three categories (i.e., primary forests, above 20-year secondary forest, below 20- year secondary



forest). Data from the 2019 Refinement of the 2006 IPCC Guidelines was used in combination with extrapolating the observed forest gain extents between 2000 and 2012 to a future 20-year period. As per the study by Bailis and colleagues, MAI values were derived from a combination of field observations and IPCC values, followed by a different estimation of growth rates as a percentage of standing stock. This approach often yields higher MAIs and may lead to higher estimations of RB and subsequently, lower estimations of NRB and f NRB.

On the basis of the review of the tool 30 version 4 /B06/, and the fNRB report provided by the PP /09/ the above information is deemed acceptable. Thus, in the opinion of the validation team, the calculation of fNRB is correct and in line with the CDM Methodological tool 30 : Calculation of the fraction of non-renewable biomass (v4.0) /B06/ and thus acceptable to the validation team.

3.3.7 Methodology Deviations

No methodology deviation have been applied to the grouped project activity.

3.3.8 Monitoring Plan

The grouped project employs baseline and monitoring methodology namely AMS-III.AV: version 8.0 /B02/. According to section 5.1 and 5.2 of PD /01/ the parameters to be monitoring ex post as per the requirements of the methodology are given below;

Parameters monitored ex-post

S.no	Parameter	Unit	Description
1	Py	Number	Description: - Population who consumes the purified water serviced by the project activity in year y. Monitoring Method and Frequency of monitoring: - A survey shall be conducted annually
2	QPW _y	Litres	Description:- Quantity of purified water in year y Monitoring Method and Frequency of monitoring: - This parameter can be calculated based on equation: QPWy = Py x min (QPWpp;5.5) x 365 This parameter will be monitored annually.
3	m	Fraction	Description: - Fraction of functional appliances that are providing the SDWP Monitoring Method and Frequency of monitoring: - Every year, SWD need to be tested on a sample basis (through a statistically representative sample) by an accredited Laboratory to ensure the following conditions that:
			(a) They only use technologies that are meeting the SDWP Technology standards as per paragraph 4(b) (b) They are still operating or are replaced by an equivalent in service appliance. The use of appliances shall be monitored through self – report measures (survey data from respondents) as well as physical signs that are observable (e.g. wetness of the unit, water in storage receptacle, functionality of parts) as per "Objective measures of functionality and use of project appliances" describe in the Appendix (c) They are delivering microbiologically safe drinking water and shall met the Microbiological parameters required by QCVN 6-1:2010/BYT



		for drinking water to deliver treated water verified to be <1cfu/100 ml E.Coli, using methods for measurement with a lover detection limit (LDL) of 1cfu E.Coli per 100 ml sample.
		Emission reductions cannot be claimed if over 10% of appliances in the project activity fail to meet the final water quality requirements mentioned above.
4	Check for SDWP public distribution network	Description: - Annual check if there is a public distribution network supplying SDWP is installed Monitoring Method and Frequency of monitoring: - Monitoring shall include annual check if there is public distribution network supplying SDWP
5	Quality of safe drinking water	Description: - The quality of the safe drinking water Monitoring Method and Frequency of monitoring: - At least every two years, SWDs need to be tested by accredited Laboratory on a sample basis.

As per the applied methodology AMS III A.V. v8.0 /B02/ all records and documents will be kept in a secure and retrievable manner for at least two years after the end of the project crediting period. The data collecting and management methods as provided in section 5.3 of the VCS PD /01/ are acceptable to the validation team. The entire database will be kept protected by PP for a period of at least two years after the crediting period. In addition, a sample of unique identification number of WPs /06/ were studied and was found to contain information in compliance with the monitoring requirements of the methodology AMS III A.V. v8.0 /B02/.

The validation team considers that the means of implementation of the monitoring plan, including the data management and quality assurance and quality control procedures, are sufficient to ensure that the emission reductions achieved by/resulting from the proposed grouped project therein can be reported ex post and verified. In addition, the sampling plan mentioned in the section 5.3 of the VCS PD /01/, meets the requirements of the monitoring methodology AMS III A.V. v8.0 /B02/ and the Standard of Sampling and Surveys of CDM project activities and Programme of Activities (version 09.0) /B05/ and Guidelines for sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and Programme of Activities (version 04) /B05/.

Sampling plan:

Sampling plan is made according to the CDM Standard Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities, version 9/B05/ and CDM Guidelines: Sampling and Survey for CDM project activities and programmes of activities, version 4/B05/ to estimate monitored parameter values used in the ER calculations. Sampling is applicable to two monitored parameters as given below:

Parameter	Description of parameter	Monitoring frequency
Parameter	Description of parameter	Monitoring frequency



Py	Population who consumes the purified water serviced by the project activity in year y	At least annually		
Check for SDW public distribution network	Annual check if there is a public distribution network supplying SDW is installed	At least annually		
m	Fraction of functional appliances that are meeting the SDWP Standard	At least annually		
Quality of safe drinking water	The quality of the safe drinking water	At least every two year		

The validation team confirms that the sampling plan complies with the requirements of the methodology AMS III A.V. v8.0 /B02/, and the CDM Guidelines: Sampling and Survey for CDM project activities and programmes of activities, version 4 /B05/

Validation team confirms that the overall monitoring plan complies with the requirements of the methodology AMS III A.V. v8.0 /B02/, the monitoring arrangements describes in the monitoring plan are feasible within the project design and the project proponents will be able to implement the described monitoring plan.

3.4 Non-Permanence Risk Analysis

This is not applicable to the project activity as the Project is not an AFOLU (Agriculture, Forestry and Other Land Use) project.

4 VALIDATION OPINION

4.1 Validation Summary

The Project Participant, Sustainability Investment Promotion and Development Joint Stock Company (SIPCO) has commissioned the VVB, Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd. to perform an independent validation of the VCS Grouped Project Activity "Grouped Projects For Water Purifiers For Climate And Community Action Phase 2". This report summarizes the findings of the validation of the grouped project, performed based on VCS criteria, as well as criteria given to provide for consistent project operations, monitoring and reporting.



The validation process was performed based on all guidance and criteria as provided in VCS Standard version 4.4/B01-1/, VCS Program Guide version 4.3/B01-2/, VCS Validation and Verification Manual version 3.2/B01-3/ and Registration & Issuance Process version 4.0/B01-4/

The VVB team has performed the validation of the respective project in line with the section 7 of the ISO 14064-3:2019 guidelines.

4.2 Validation Conclusion

The grouped project activity provides the information in PD/01/ as required by the VCS Standard /B01-1/ and Validation and Verification Manual /B01-3/ and in Carbon Check's opinion meets the requirements of the applied baseline and monitoring methodology, monitoring methodology applied for this grouped project is AMS-III.AV: version 8.0/B02/and is likely to achieve the estimated emission reductions. The validation has been performed using a risk- based approach, as described above. The expected annual average emission reductions from the project activity instances are 40,156 tCO₂e and the total for the crediting period is 401,560tCO₂e for project activity 1.

Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd concludes the validation with a positive opinion that the VCS Project Activity "Grouped Projects For Water Purifiers For Climate And Community Action Phase 2", as described in the latest revised PD /01/, meets all the applicable VCS requirements, including those specified in the VCS Project Standard /B01-1/, relevant methodology, tools, and guidelines.

The selected baseline and monitoring methodology (AMS–III.AV: version 8.0)/B02/ is applicable to the grouped project and correctly applied. Carbon Check (India) Private Ltd therefore requests the registration of the grouped project as a VCS project activity.

Crediting period: From 19-February-2023 to 18-February-2033

Validated estimated GHG emission reductions and carbon dioxide removals for the project activity 1 throughout the crediting period:

Vintage period	Estimated baseline emissions (tCO ₂ e)	Estimated project emissions (tCO ₂ e)	Estimated leakage emissions (tCO ₂ e)	Estimated reduction VCUs (tCO ₂ e)	Estimated removal VCUs (tCO ₂ e)	Estimated total VCUs (tCO ₂ e)
19-Feb-2023 to 31- Dec-2023	36,596	0	1,830	34,766	0	34,766
01-Jan-2024 to 31- Dec-2024	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2025 to 31- Dec-2025	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2026 to 31- Dec-2026	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156



01-Jan-2027 to 31- Dec-2027	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2028 to 31- Dec-2028	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2029 to 31- Dec-2029	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2030 to 31- Dec-2030	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2031 to 31- Dec-2031	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2032 to 31- Dec-2032	42,270	0	2,114	40,156	0	40,156
01-Jan-2033 to 18- Feb-2033	5,674	0	284	5,390	0	5,390
Total	422,700	0	21,140	401,560	0	401,560



APPENDIX 1: COMPETENCE CERTIFICATES OF TEAM

Carbon — CHECK—				
Carb	on Check (India)	Private L	.imited
	Certificate	of Cor	npetency	,
	Ms. Apar	na Cho	udhary	
	•			nce with the requirements plicable GHG programs:
	for the following	functions and r	equirements:	
✓ Validator	⊠ Verifier	⊠ Team Lea	ader	☐ Technical Expert
☐ Technical Reviewer	☐ Health Expert	☐ Gender E	Expert	☐ Plastic Waste Expert
		☑ Environment no-harm(E+)		☐ CCB Expert
☐ Financial Expert		dia		
	in the follo	owing Technical	Areas:	
⊠ TA 1.1	⊠ TA 1.2	□ TA 2.1	⊠ TA 3.1	□ TA 4.1
□ TA 4. n	☐ TA 5.1	☐ TA 5.2	☐ TA 7.1	□ TA 8.1
□ TA 9.1	☐ TA 9.2	□ TA 10.1	⊠ TA 13.1	⊠ TA 13.2
☐ TA 14.1	☐ TA 15.1			
	Date			/ Date
03 rd Ma	ay 2023		04 th Ma	ay 2024
Vinash L	S:S	1	مرملش	
	Kumar Singh ance Officer			t Anand EO





Carbon Check (India) Private Limited

Certificate of Competency

Ms. Nguyen Hong Ngoc Trang

has been qualified as per CCIPL's internal qualification procedures in accordance with the requirements of CDM AS (V7.0), ISO/IEC14065:2020, ISO/IEC 17029:2019 and other applicable GHG programs:						
	for the following functions and requirements:					
☑ Validator	⊠ Verifier	☑ Team Leade	r	☐ Technical Expert		
☐ Technical Reviewer	☐ Health Expert	☐ Gender Exp	ert	☐ Plastic Waste Expert		
□ SDG+	☐ Social no-harm(S+)	☐ Environmen	t no-harm(E+)	☐ CCB Expert		
☐ Financial Expert						
	in the follo	owing Technical Are	eas:			
□ TA 1.1	⊠ TA 1.2	□ TA 2.1	□ TA 3.1	□ TA 4.1		
☐ TA 4. n	☐ TA 5.1	☐ TA 5.2	☐ TA 7.1	□ TA 8.1		
□ TA 9.1	□ TA 9.2	□ TA 10.1	☐ TA 13.1	☐ TA 13.2		
☐ TA 14.1	☐ TA 15.1					
Issue	Date		Expiry	Date		
1 st Janua	ary 2023		31st Decen	nber 2023		
	Kumar Singh Ince Officer		Mr. Ami CE	**		

CCIPL_FM 7.9 Certificate of Competency_V2.1_012023





Carbon Check (India) Private Limited

Certificate of Competency

Ms. Indumathi C

has been qualified as per CCIPL's internal qualification procedures in accordance with the requirements of CDM AS (V7.0), ISO/IEC14065:2020, ISO/IEC 17029:2019 and other applicable GHG programs:

for the following functions and requirements: ✓ Validator ✓ Verifier □ Technical Reviewer □ Health Expert ☐ Gender Expert ☐ Plastic Waste Expert ⊠ SDG+ ☑ Social no-harm(S+) ☑ Environment no-harm(E+) ☐ CCB Expert □ Local Expert for India and Sri Lanka in the following Technical Areas: ☑ TA 1.1 ☑ TA 1.2 ☐ TA 2.1 ☑ TA 3.1 ☐ TA 4.1 □ TA 4. n □ TA 5.1 ☐ TA 5.2 ☐ TA 7.1 ☐ TA 8.1 ☐ TA 9.1 □ TA 9.2 ☐ TA 10.1 ☑ TA 13.1 ☑ TA 13.2 ☐ TA 14.1 ☐ TA 15.1 **Issue Date Expiry Date** 1st January 2023 31st December 2023 Vixash L. Sil Mr. Vikash Kumar Singh Mr. Amit Anand **Compliance Officer** CEO

 ${\tt CCIPL_FM~7.9~Certificate~of~Competency_V2.1_012023}$



APPENDIX 2: REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

S.No	Referenced Documents
	1- VCS PD "Grouped Projects For Water Purifiers For Climate And Community Action Phase 2" Version 4.5 dated 27/10/2023
	ER estimated spreadsheet "ER estimated spread sheet_WP_Viet Nam" corresponds to the PD
	Proof of right of relinquishment of VERs from the end users to the project proponent(Sample), between SIPCO & end users
/04/	Technical Specifications of SDWP including lifetime – SDWP – Viet Charcoal Production Company Limited, dated 12/08/2021
/05/	Microbiological test report, by Viện Hàn lâm Khoa học và Công nghệ (Viet Nam Academy of Science and Technology) dated 17/06/2021
/06/	Evidence for unique identification of SDWP
/07/	Local stakeholders meeting evidences 1- Invitation letter 2- LSC MoM 3- LSC presenation 4 - LSC _attendance sheet-Viet Nam Project 1 5- LSC Pictures
/08/	Baseline Survey conducted by PP in Yen bai province, dated September 2022.
/09/	1 - f_{NRB} calculation sheet 2 - f_{NRB} report by third party (C4EcoSolutions (Pty) Limited (Pty) Limited) dated 12/05/2023
/10/	Declaration by PP on avoidance of double counting dated, 16/05/2023
/11/	Countersigned contract signed between PP and Carbon Check (India) Private Limited dated, 03/03/2023
/12/	Evidence to show SDWP will be distributed free of cost – Confirmation letter by PP dated 16/05/2023
/13/	SDWP distribution agreement between SIPCO and Women's Union dated 13/01/2022
/14/	Implementation Schedule
/15/	Employment records
/16/	Training Plan
/17/	Survey questionnaire

Background Documents

S.No	Referenced Documents
/B01/	 VCS Standard, version 04.4 VCS Program Guide version 04.3 VCS Validation and Verification Manual, version 03.2 Registration and Issuance Process v4.3 VCS Program Definitions version 04.3
/B02/	AMS-III.AV: "Low greenhouse gas-emitting safe drinking water production systems", version 08.



/B03/	AMS-I.E.: "Switch from non-renewable biomass for thermal applications by the user", version". Version 13.0
/B04/	1- CDM, TOOLO1 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality", version 07.0. 2- CDM, TOOL 21 - "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities" (Version 13.1)
/B05/	 1- CDM, Standard for Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities version 9.0 2- CDM, Guideline for Sampling and surveys for CDM project activities and programmes of activities version 4.0
/B06/	CDM Methodological Tool 30: Calculation of the fraction of non-renewable biomass v4
/B07/	VCS Project Description template v4.2
/B08/	CDM Glossary: CDM Terms version 11.0



APPENDIX 3: ABBREVIATIONS

BE	Baseline Emission
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CAR	Corrective Action Request
CCIPL	Carbon Check (India) Private Limited
CDM	Clean Development Mechanism
CL	Clarification Request
CO ₂	Carbon Dioxide
CO _{2E}	Carbon Dioxide Equivalent
CME	Coordinating & Managing Entity
ER	Emission Reduction
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization
FAR	Forward Corrective Action
FVR	Final Validation Report
GHG	Green House Gases
ICS	Improved Cookstove
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel On Climate Change
MAI	Mean Annual Increment
NA	Not Applicable
PD	Project Description
PP	Project Proponent
QC/QA	Quality Control/Quality Assurance
SIPCO	Sustainability Investment Promotion And Development Joint Stock Company
SDWP	Safe Drinking Water Purifier
TR	Technical Review
UNFCCC	United Nations Framework Convention On Climate Change
VCS	Verified Carbon Standard
VCU	Verified Carbon Units
VER	Verified Emission Reductions
VVB	Verification Validation Body
WP	Water Purifier



APPENDIX 4: FINDING LOG

TABLE 1: CORRECTIVE ACTION REQUESTS (CARs) AND CLARIFICATION REQUESTS (CLs)

Finding	CL 01				
Classification	☐ CA	AR	\boxtimes	CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	PP is requested to address following points and revise PD with reference to emission reduction sheet:				
	 Under section 1.1 PP is requested to clarify the number of distributions to be done during first project activity instance and the expected annual emission reduction for project activity 1. Under section 1.10 the estimated Emission reduction table is not consistent with the ER Sheet Under section 4.4 the table showing 'baseline estimated emission or removals and estimated emission reduction' are not consistent with the ER sheet 				
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	2. T	distribute grouped expected activity 1 revised F The estir been rev The table or remov	ed so far project. If annual has been personated entired to consiste and revised to constant and the revised to constant and revised.	This information emission reduced ion 03 mission reduced ionsistent was baseline estimated ed to consiste	nave been ect activity of this ation and the eduction of project in section 1.1 of action table has ith the ER sheet estimated emission mission reduction' ent with ER sheet in
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	2. U	PD versidistribution Under seemission are not in per annudiscreparemission are not ir emission are not ir	on 3.0, to on is in I ection 1. reduction line with motion 4. reduction 4. reduction line with motion), PP	he number of ine with the 10 of VCS F ons (14,156 th the ER sh is requested 4 of VCS PE ons (14,156 th the ER sh	on 1.1 of the VCS of SDWPs ER Sheet provided D version 3.0 the tCO2e per annum) neet (14,157 tCO2e I to clarify this O version 3.0 the tCO2e per annum) neet (14,157 tCO2e I to clarify this



	Thus CL01 remains open
Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	2,3. The emission reduction of project activity is 14,156. The value in updated ER sheet has been rounded down for conservative and match to revised PD
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of the section 1.10 and section 4.4 of VCS PD version 3 and the updated ER sheet provided by the PP, the value of emission reduction is correct. Thus, CL01 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 ☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification ☐ Outstanding finding (not closed) ☐ The finding is closed

Finding	CL 02			
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR	
Description of finding (VVB)	is mentioned technical spe '330mm x 330 the value thr	1.11 of the VCS PD did as '280mmx305mm ecification provided the Dmm x 330mm'. PP is roughout the PD and d Technical specification	nx390mm', in the ne dimensions are requested to revise I bring consistency	
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)		nm in the technical specion has been updated	ecification is correct.	
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	the dimension	review of section 1.11 \ of the SDWP are in lire or ovided by the PP. closed.		
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstandi	cked during the next pong finding (not closed) g is closed	eriodic verification	



Finding			CL 03	
Classification	☐ CAR		CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)		the value	'QPW _{pp} '	V_{pp} ' is '5.05', under is '5.02'. Provide
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	Province. How batch has b	vever, there been distrib me of para	e are some buted in ` meter have	n of WPs in Hà Tinh reason so the first Yen Bai Province. been changed and sion 03.
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	version 3.0 the is not in line wheet provided version 3.0, the	e value of Cith the value of by the PF ne value of QPW,	QPW_{pp} menter of QPW_{pp} P. In section QPW_{pp} is 5	1.1 in the VCS PD tioned is "5.5" which mentioned in the ER 1 5.1 of the VCS PD 5.04, which is in line and in the ER sheet
	and source	of the QP\ update this i	W _{pp} is not information	by the PP, the unit mentioned, PP is in the ER sheet.
	Tilus CLOS lei	nams open	l	
Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	value of QPW The value of	$V_{ m pp}$ is min (0 QPW $_{ m pp}$ of 5	QPW _{pp} ;5.5), 5.04 is less	n 3.0 show that the not mention is 5.5. than the maximum ay of 5.5l/day as per
				as been provided in dated 27.07.23
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.)	version 3, the	value of Q\		n 4.1.1 of VCS PD ct.
shall be added. Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstandii	cked during ng finding (i g is closed		eriodic verification

Finding		CL 04	
Classification	☐ CAR	⊠ CL	☐ FAR



Description of finding (VVB)	As per the on-site inspection project activity 1 is implemented in Yen Bai Province, which is also consistent with the Baseline Survey provided by PP. However, in section 1.1 of PD v2, project activity 1 is conducted in 'Ha Tinh Province', PP is requested to clarify this discrepancy.
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	We expected will distribute first batch of WPs in Hà Tinh Province. However, there are some reason so the first batch has been distributed in Yen Bai Province. All of related information has been updated in revised PD, ver 03.
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of section 1.1 of VCS PD version 3.0, the project location mention is in line with the baseline survey provided by the PP. Thus, CL04 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 ☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification ☐ Outstanding finding (not closed) ☐ The finding is closed

Finding	CL 05
Classification Description of finding (VVB)	☐ CAR ☐ CL ☐ FAR In the section 2.3 PP has mentioned environmental impacts of the project, according to the PD template, version 4.2, in section 2.3 PP should summarize EIA done if applicable
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	Appendix 2 of this Decree. The distribution of water
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of section 2.3 of the VCS PD version 3.0, the reference given for applicability of EIA is correct and distribution of SDWP does not require EIA, and this is in line with the PD template, version 4.2. Thus, CL05 is closed.



0	
Conclusion	☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstanding finding (not closed)

Finding	CL 06
Classification Description of finding (VVB)	☐ CAR ☐ CL ☐ FAR In section 3.5.1 for the question "Are the project activities mandated by any law, statute, or other regulatory framework" both the options "yes and no" checkboxes are checked, PP is requested to clarify this discrepancy.
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	There is no mandated by any law, statute, or other regulatory framework in host country so checkbox the option "no" are check. The revised PD has been updated accordingly
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	PP has changed the section accordingly. Hence, CL06 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed

Finding	CL 08
Classification	☐ CAR ☐ CL ☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	In section 5.2, for the parameters "Check for SDWP public distribution network" and for "Quality of safe drinking water" the value applied is given as 1, PP is requested to clarify the how the of value "1" is determined in both these parameters.
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The source of the parameters "Check for SDWP public distribution network" is survey. At validation, the result of survey show that all of end user have not assessed to the public distribution network. And this parameter will check annually to calculate emission reduction.



	For parameter quality of safe drinking water, the estimated value is 1 because at validation, the water quality after filter by project devices is meet drinking water standard of host country. The value will be monitored at least once every two years by sampling.
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	In section 5.2, for the parameters "Check for SDWP public distribution network" and for "Quality of safe drinking water", these two parameters are not quantifiable, PP is requested to update the section accordingly. Hence, CL08 remains open.
Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The value of parameters "check for SDWP public distribution network" and "quality of safe drinking water" have been updated in revised PD
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	PP has updated the values for the parameters "Check for SDWP public distribution network" and for "Quality of safe drinking water". The values of both the parameters are in line with the methodology. Hence, CL08 is closed
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed

Finding		CAR 01	
Classification		☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	PD as per VC The version o	ed to address followin S Project template v4.2 f template used for ma version i.e 'v4.2'.	:



	In the cover table the date format should be DD-Month-YYYY. PP has mentioned it as DD-MM-YYYY.		
	Update section 2.2 'Local Stakeholders Consultation' with reference to the information available in supporting document.		
	Update section 2.4 'public comments' as per the template, as public comments period is over.		
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	 The latest version 4.2 of PD template has been updated in revised PD, version 03 The format of the date has been revised to DD-Month – YYYY in the cover table Information of local stakeholders' consultation has been updated in section 2.4 of revised PD, version 03 The public comments has been updated in the revised PD, version 03 		
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	 Based on the review of VCS PD version 3.0, the version of the VCS PD template is updated to the latest version. Based on the review of the cover table in the VCS PD version 3.0 the format of the date is in line with the VCS PD template version 4.2. Based on the review of section 2.2 of VCS PD version 3.0, local stakeholder consultation section is updated and is in line with the VCS PD template version 4.2. Based on the review of section 2.4 of VCS PD version 3.0, Public comments section is updated and is in line with the VCS PD template version 4.2. Thus, all points in CAR01 are closed. 		
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed 		

Finding		CAR 02	
Classification	⊠ CAR	☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)		ed to update or mentio ologies, standards an	
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further	guidelines has	sion of tools, methodolo s been updated in the	•



information for clarification as per finding)	
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of VCS PD version 3.0, in the sections 4.3 Leakage, 3.1 Title and Reference of Methodology the version of AMS-I.E is mentioned as version 12.0, PP is requested to update the version of the above mentioned methodology to the latest version. For section 1.8 project start date, the version for VCS standard is mentioned as "4.1", while the latest version of VCS standard is 4.4, PP is requested to update it. Thus CAR02 remains open.
Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The latest version 13.0 of AMS I.E and VCS Standard version 4.4 have been updated in whole of revised PD, dated 27.07.23
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of the section 4.3, section 3.1, and section 1.8 of VCS PD version 3, all the methodologies, tools and standards are mentioned with the correct version number. Thus, CAR02 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed

Finding		C	CAR 03	
Classification			CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	Following links PP is requeste			nce are not working, nces:
	2. Page	13, ref 2 14, ref 3 25, ref 5 an	d ref 6	
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The updated version 03	links has	been upda	ted in revised PD,



VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of VCS PD version 3.0, the reference number 2 mentioned on page 13, and reference number 4 mentioned on page 28, the links provided as reference are not working, PP is requested to update the references. Thus CAR03 remains open.
Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The link for reference number 2 and number 4 has been replaced by the report which will provided to DOE for reviewing.
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of the VCS PD version 3, reference mentioned in PD are correct. Thus, CAR03 is closed
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed

Finding	CAR 04
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	PP is requested to address following typing errors:
	 Spelling of 'WORLD BANK' in Table 4.2 In section 5.2, for 'P_y' purpose of data will be 'calculation of baseline emission' instead of 'Calculation the baseline emission'.
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The typo has been corrected in table 4.2 and section 5.2 of revised PD, version 03
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of section 4.2 and section 5.2 of VCS PD version 3.0, both the typos are corrected. Thus, CAR04 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed



Finding	CAR 05	
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR	
Description of finding (VVB)	PP is requested to address the discrepancy with the value of fNRB in following sections of PD with reference of fNRB calculation sheet – • Section 4.1.2 • Table 4.2, • Table 4.3 • Table 4.4	
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	PD, version 03	
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	in line with the fNRB calculation sheet.	
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed 	



Finding	CAR 06		
Classification Description of finding (VVB)	☑ CAR ☐ CL ☐ FAR PP is requested to update the Section 1.8 "Project star		
	already passe	e the expected date ed. Moreover, PP is re first distribution records	equested to provide
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	is updated in a distribution resupporting do		PD, ver 03. The first ovided to DOE in
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	VCS PD vers activity is a no project has b Thus, the proj	review of section 1.8 sion 3.0, the 3 rd para n-AFOLU project and figeen expected operating ect start date is expected to rephrans open.	graph "The project rst SDWP under the g from 19/02/2023. ted as 18/02/2033."
Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	non-AFOLU pr	peen rephrased to "The oject and first SDWP ui g from 19/02/2023" i	nder the project has
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	VCS PD ve	review of section 1.8 rsion 3.0, the section start date of the project is closed.	n is appropriately
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstandi	cked during the next peng finding (not closed) g is closed	eriodic verification



Finding	CAR 07		
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR		
Description of finding (VVB)	As per the applied methodology, in section 5.1 "Data and Parameters Available at Validation". Value of n_{wb} as selected should be "10.0%" or "0.10" not "10.67%".		
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The target population of grouped project is household use both wood fuel and fossil fuels to boil water so the efficiency of the efficiency of baseline stove is calculated as per proportion in applied methodology. (0.1 for traditional stove, 0.2 for improved stove use woodfuel and 0.5 for stove use fossil fuels) so the efficiency of baseline stove is 10.9%.		
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of section 5.1 of VCS PD version 3.0, the value of n _{wb} should be "10.0%" or "0.10" according to the source of data for n _{wb} mentioned in the methodology AMS-III.AV. version 8.0, which states that "Use one of the options below: (a) The efficiency of the water boiling system shall be established using representative sampling methods or based on referenced literature values (fraction), use weighted average values if more than one type of system is encountered; (b) 0.10 default value may be optionally used if the replaced system or the system that would have been used is a three-stone fire or a conventional system for woody biomass lacking improved combustion air supply mechanism and flue gas ventilation system that is without a grate as well as a chimney; for the rest of the systems using woody biomass 0.2 default value may be optionally used; (c) 0.5 default value may be used if the replaced system or the system that would have been used is a fossil fuel combusting system" Based on the review of section 1.1 of VCS PD version 3.0, and onsite inspection, the baseline scenario provided by the PP is "The scenario existing prior to the implementation of the project is the actual baseline scenario which is equal to the existing common practice by the households i.e. in absence of the project activity the equivalent amount of thermal energy generated using firewood in three stone open fires to meet the boiling water demand" according to this the value of n _{wb} should be "10.0%" or "0.10". PP is requested to review this parameter accordingly.		
	CAR 07 remains open.		



Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The scenario existing prior to the implementation of the project is the actual baseline scenario which is equal to the existing common practice by the households i.e. in absence of the project activity the equivalent amount of thermal energy generated using non-renewable biomass (NRB) and fossil fuel to boil water. This description has been updated in the revised PD, dated 27/07/2023. The target population of project activity are these households who are using fossil fuel and NRB to boil
	water, so the efficiency of the water boiling systems being replaced is calculated by weight average value of 03 type stove are used according to proportion in baseline survey
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	The weighted efficiency of the water boiling system is in line with the baseline survey. However, PP is requested to provide reference to the efficiency and rate of the type of stove being used in the Excel sheet "ER estimated spread sheet WP Vietnam" for the cross-verification of the weighted average of water boiling system efficiency.
Corrective Action or clarification #3 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The reference to the efficiency and rate of the type of stove being used have been provided in the revised excel sheet
VVB Assessment #3 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Based on the review of section 5.1 of VCS PD version 3.0, ER sheet, AMS-III A.V version 8, and baseline survey provided by the PP, the value and calculation of n _{wb} is in line with the AMS-III A.V version 8. Thus, CAR07 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed



Finding			CAR 08	
Classification	⊠ CAR		CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)		nent in	ld information a the distribution	bout women's as observed during
Corrective Action or clarification #1				
(PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)			n's union has be PD, version 03	
VVB Assessment #1				
The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.		entione	ed he role of Wo	f VCS PD version omen's union in the
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	l	ng findii	ng (not closed)	eriodic verification

Finding	CAR 09		
Classification	⊠ CAR	☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)		1.2, Audit History, the P is requested to upda	•
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	been updated	or crediting period of goin the period of Audit h	
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	"Audit History" the validation	the PD template versity is tates that "For the produced at the Period colurn period of validation in the period of	oject validation, state nn". PP is requested



Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The validation date of grouped project has been updated in section 1.2 of revised PD
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	·
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 ☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification ☐ Outstanding finding (not closed) ☐ The finding is closed

Finding	CAR 10	
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR	
Description of finding (VVB)	According to the section 1.4.1 PD template "Provide information to demonstrate that the project meet requirements related to the pipeline listing deadline, the opening meeting with the validation/verification body and the validation deadline.	
	Demonstrate that the applied methodology is eligible under the VCS Program. Where applying a methodology with scale and/or capacity limits, demonstrate that the project is not a fragmented part of a larger project of activity that would otherwise exceed such limits. applicable, demonstrate that no single cluster of project activity instances exceeds the capacity limit. ". PP is requested to explain these points in detail as instructed in the PD template	
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The general eligibility of VCS standard has been provided section 1.4.1 of revised PD, version 6	
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the	PP has provided the required information and revised the section.	
finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and	Hence, CAR10 is closed	



VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 ☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification ☐ Outstanding finding (not closed) ☑ The finding is closed

Finding		CAR 11	
Classification	⊠ CAR	☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)		ed to address the followerror in the PD:	wing typos and
	In the section 1.14, para 4 there is a grammatical error "each the instance under the grouped project will achieve emission reductions below 60,000 tCO2e per annum". PP is requested to remove this grammatical error.		
	In section 2.1.1, in the 'stakeholders diversity and changes over time section' for the 'SDWP manufacturer' category PP has mentioned 'maintains', PP is requested to rectify this typo.		
	places it is wr	.2 PP has written "Fnrbitten as "fNRB", PP is ration of parameters co	requested to keep
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	All of typos ar updated PD, v	nd grammatical error h	ave been revised in
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	PP has remov Hence, CAR1	red all the typos. 1 is closed.	



Conclusion	☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstanding finding (not closed)

Finding		CAR 12	
Classification	⊠ CAR	☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	PP has menti	oned ICS at many plac	es
		.1- stakeholder identifichanges over time and stion	,
	Section 2.1.2-	consultation outcome	section
	Section 3.5.2-	· last para	
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The ICSs has 06	been revised to WPs in	updated PD,version
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.)	PP has remov	red all the typo. 2 is closed.	
shall be added.			
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstandi	cked during the next peng finding (not closed) g is closed	eriodic verification



Finding	CAR 13		
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR		
<u> </u>			
	 applicability condition. PP is requested to provide a justification that is in line with the applicability condition. 3. For tool 01, the justification provided by PP for the first applicability condition "Complies. Simple cost analysis in Tool 01 is applied to demonstrate and assessment of additionality for each instance of grouped project." is misleading, as PP is clearly using approved CDM methodology. Thus, PP is requested to rephrase it for better understanding. 4. The para 12 of the applied methodology states that "The additionality of a project activity shall be demonstrated, according to the Methodological TOOL 01 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality" or Methodological TOOL 21: "Demonstration of additionality of small-scale project activities" or the Methodological TOOL 19: "Demonstration of additionality of microscale project activities." Here, PP is using Tool 1 and tool 21 as well. Whereas, justification provided by PP i.e., "Complies. The additionally tool is not included in approved methodology." which is quite contradictory to project outline. PP is requested to revise the justifications accordingly. 		
Corrective Action or clarification #1	Detail of technology has been detailed in section 1.12 of this grouped VCS." The appropriate		



(PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further	reference for the information has been revised in update PD, version 06.
information for clarification as per	 The sentence has been revised to "Complies. The
finding)	investment barrier according to para 10a of
	Tool21 is applied to demonstrate the
	additionally" in revised PD, version 06
	3. The para has been rephrased to "Not applicable.
	The project activity applied the CDM
	methodology AMS III AV, version 08, do not apply
	a new methodology" in updated PD, ver 06
	4. The additionally tool is included in approved
	methodology. This sentence has been rephrased
	in revised PD, version 06.
VVB Assessment #1	 PP has updated the justification for the first
The assessment shall encom-	applicability condition of the applied
pass all open issues in the	methodology and provided the correct
finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and	reference. Hence CAR13 part 1 is closed.
VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.)	2. The justification provided for tool 21 applicability
shall be added.	condition first is appropriate, CAR13 part 2 is closed.
	PP has updated the justification for first
	condition for tool 01. Hence, CAR13 part 3 is
	closed.
	4. PP has updated the justification for the second
	applicability condition for tool 01 appropriately.
	Hence, CAR 13 part 4 is closed.
Conclusion	☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification
Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstanding finding (not closed)
	☐ The finding is closed



Finding	CAR 14
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	In section 3.5.2 PP has referred to para 10(a) of tool 21 and para 33 and 34 of tool 01 in the line "Hence in line with paragraph 10 a) of Tool21, version 13.1 and Paragraph 33 and 34 TOOL01 "Tool for the demonstration and assessment of additionality", version 07.0 the project faces an investment barrier and is additional." As referred from the tool 21 para 10(a) "Investment barrier: a financially more viable alternative to the project activity would have led to higher emissions;", PP is requested to add alternative to the project activity. For tool 01 para 33 and 34 PP is requested to add the information as required by the referred paragraphs that is "33. Document the costs associated with the CDM project activity and the alternatives identified in Step 1 and demonstrate that there is at least one alternative which is less costly than the project activity. 34. "If it is concluded that the proposed CDM project activity is more costly than at least one alternative then proceed to Step 4 (Common practice analysis)"."
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The distribution of SDWPs require capital. The proposed project will distribute SDWPs free of cost to users which means no money shall be charged to users for the distribution of SDWPs; hence there is no financial return from the project other than revenue from the sale of GHG credits. The project activity will not occur in absence of GHG credits revenue. Hence in line with para 10 a) of tool 21, version 13.1, the project activity 1 faces investment barrier and its additional. Information of para 33 and 34 of tool01 has been removed to avoid confusing in revised PD, ver 06
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	The justification provided by the PP is in line with the Tool 21 requirements. Thus, CAR 14 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed



Finding	CAR 15
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	In section 3.4, "Baseline scenario" PP is requested to provide information about the baseline survey conducted like sampling approach, procedure to select the target population, precision/confidence levels achieved, result of sampling, in accordance with the instruction in the PD template version 4.3 for the above mentioned section that says "Explain and justify key assumptions, rationale, and methodological choices. Provide all relevant references."
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	added in revised PD, version u6
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Hence CAR15 is closed
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) ☑ The finding is closed



Finding		CAR 16	
Classification	⊠ CAR	☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	as 1 and unit i AMS III A.V. th that the "100% that they boil v requested to	for the parameter Xboins % in the PD. In the are % and in the section for the households be water before drinking. The mention the values the methodology.	applied methodology 4.1.6 it is mentioned eing interviewed say So, X boil =1". PP is
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	methodology is	K _{boil} has been revised n PD, version 06	to the instruction of
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	The value has Hence, CAR16	been updated. 6 is closed.	
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox		cked during the next p ng finding (not closed) g is closed	eriodic verification



Finding		CAR 17	
Classification		☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	detection limit	for the parameter "m" F t(LDL)" instead of "lo equested to rectify this	ower detection limit
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The typo has I	peen corrected in revise	ed PD, version 06
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Section has be Hence CAR17	een updated accordingl	ly.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstandi	cked during the next peng finding (not closed) g is closed	eriodic verification

Finding		CAR 18	
Classification	⊠ CAR	☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	mentioned is r	 the version number not correct. PP is requended in the applied in the a	ested to mention the
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	ver 08.0 in upo	umber of AMS III.A.V I dated PD, version 06	has been revised to
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Section has be Hence, CAR1	een revised accordingly 8 is closed.	/.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstandii	cked during the next peng finding (not closed) g is closed	eriodic verification



Finding	CAR 19
Classification	☐ CL ☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	In section 5.3, in the table for sampled parameters in the PD, the monitoring frequency of the parameter "Check for SDWP public distribution network" is not mentioned, PP is requested to mention the monitoring frequency for the parameter.
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	PD, version 06
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	Section has been revised. Hence, CAR19 is closed.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	 □ To be checked during the next periodic verification □ Outstanding finding (not closed) □ The finding is closed



Finding	CAR 20		
Classification		☐ CL	☐ FAR
Description of finding (VVB)	PP is reques employment i	ted to provide emplos generated.	oyment records, if
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The employee supporting do	e contracts has been p cuments	provided to DOE in
VVB Assessment #1 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.		records not found P is requested to pr	
Corrective Action or clarification #2 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)	The employmereview	ent contract has been p	provided to DOE for
VVB Assessment #2 The assessment shall encompass all open issues in the finding. In case of non-closure, additional corrective action and VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.) shall be added.	PP has provid	ed the employment rec	ords.
Conclusion Tick the appropriate checkbox	Outstandii	cked during the next peng finding (not closed) g is closed	eriodic verification

TABLE 2: FORWARD ACTION REQUESTS

No FAR has been raised.

Finding		FAR XX	
Classification	☐ CAR	☐ CL	
Description of finding (VVB)	NA		
Corrective Action or clarification #1 (PP shall write a detailed and clear corrective action or further information for clarification as per finding)			



VVB Assessment #1	
The assessment shall encom-	
pass all open issues in the	
finding. In case of non-closure,	
additional corrective action and	
VVB assessments (#2, #3, etc.)	
shall be added.	
Conclusion	☐ To be checked during the next periodic verification
Tick the appropriate checkbox	☐ Outstanding finding (not closed)
	☐ The finding is closed